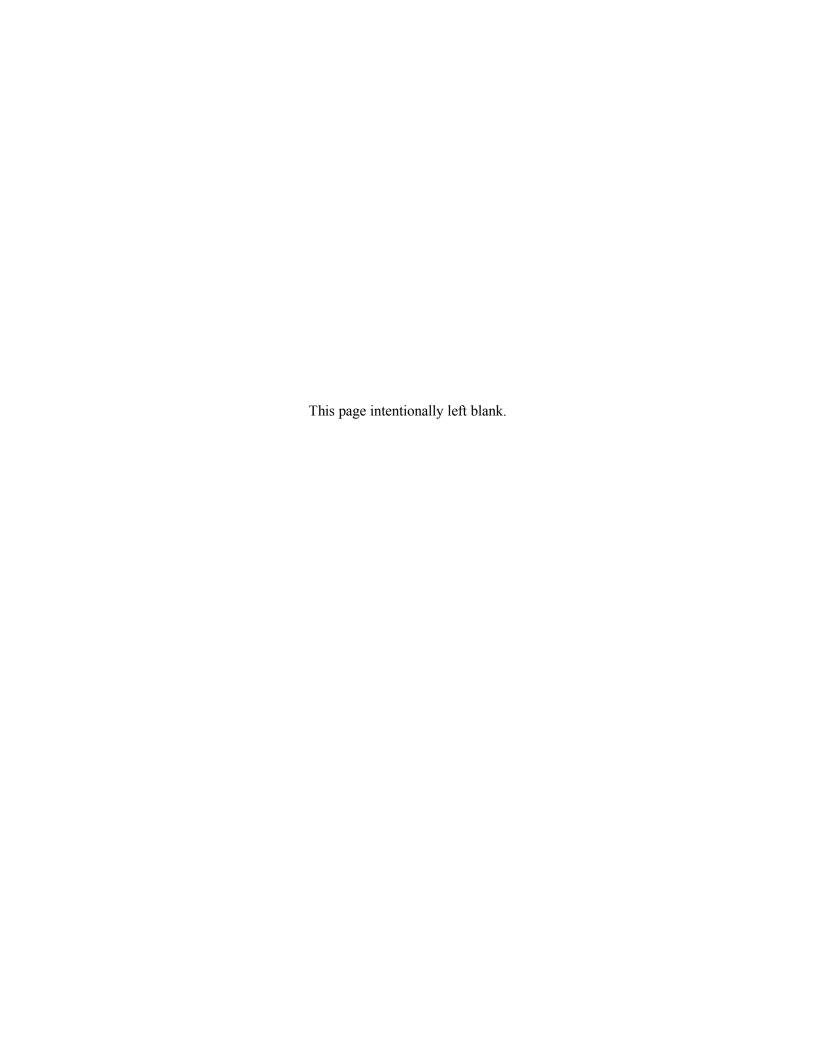
## **GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS**

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007



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#### **OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR**

# KRISTEN KLEIN, CPA COUNTY AUDITOR



#### **GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS**

Guadalupe County Administration Building 307 West Court Street, Suite 205 Seguin, Texas 78155 (830) 303-8876 kris@co.guadalupe.tx.us

March 7, 2008

The Honorable Dwight E. Peschel, Judge, 25<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court The Honorable W.C. Kirkendall, Judge, 2<sup>nd</sup> 25<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court The Honorable Gary Steel, Judge, 274<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court Honorable County Commissioners' Court

Mike Wiggins County Judge

Mike Wiggins, County Judge Roger K. Baenziger, County Commissioner, Precinct 1 Cesareo Guadarrama, III, County Commissioner, Precinct 2 Jim Wolverton, County Commissioner, Precinct 3 Judy Cope, County Commissioner, Precinct 4

#### Dear Judges and Commissioners:

The County Auditor's office is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Guadalupe, Texas, (County) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and this report submitted is in compliance with Section 114.025, Vernon's Texas Codes Annotated (V.T.C.A.), Local Government Code. We believe that the information presented is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to show the financial position and operating results of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have also been included.

The CAFR is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Single Audit.

- The **Introductory Section**, which is unaudited, contains this letter of transmittal, the organizational chart of the County and a list of elected and certain appointed officials.
- The **Financial Section** includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), and the Basic Financial Statements (including notes), and required supplementary information. The Basic Financial Statements include the government-wide financial statements that provide an overview of the County's entire financial operations and the fund financial statements that present financial information of each of the County's major funds, as well as nonmajor funds, fiduciary funds and other funds.
- The **Statistic Section** includes selected financial, demographic, and statistical data that are generally presented on a multi-year basis and other information, which includes supplemental disclosures to comply with the Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12.

• The **Single Audit Section** contains information related to the County's Single Audit which is required by the federal government under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 as amended by the Act of 1996. The Act comes under the oversight of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit includes: Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting and on Compliance based on an Audit of Financial Statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Supplemental Schedule of Federal and State Awards; and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

Armstrong, Vaughan, & Associates, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. The examination was conducted in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified ("clean") opinion that the County's financial statement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Immediately following the independent auditors report is a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of the broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the specials needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

#### Profile of Guadalupe County

Guadalupe County is located approximately one hundred miles inland from the Gulf of Mexico in south central Texas and is bounded by Comal, Hays, Caldwell, Gonzales, Wilson, and Bexar counties and is a component of the "San Antonio Area Metropolitan Statistical Area" (MSA) by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The County covers 715 square miles of flat to rolling terrain with local depressions and escarpments, and its elevation ranges from 450 to 800 feet above sea level. The area has a mild subtropical climate, with temperatures ranging from an average high of 96° in July and an average low of 42° in January.



**History.** The central Texas region, including Guadalupe County, has supported human habitation for several thousand years. Archaeologists believe some of the artifacts found in the area to be from the Archaic Period (ca. 5000 B.C. to 500 A.D.); other pieces are more recent, dating from 1200 to 1500 A.D. Indian tribes in the area included the Karankawas, Tonkawas, Comanches, and Lipan Apaches.

Guadalupe County takes its name from the Guadalupe River, which Alonso de Leon named in 1689 in honor of the Lady of Guadalupe depicted on his standard. In 1838 a group of former Texas Rangers and other settlers founded the community of Walnut Springs, which changed its name to Seguin in 1839 to honor Juan Nepumocemo Seguin, a hero in the Texas Revolution, who had served as mayor of San Antonio and had been a senator for the Republic of Texas. When Texas became part of the Union in 1846, the Texas legislature established Guadalupe County from parts of Bexar and Gonzales counties with Seguin as its county seat.

**Population.** The County population has grown significantly since 1850. In 1850 the U.S. Census Bureau shows the County population at 1511, by 1900 the population had grown to 21,835, and in 2000 the population was 89,023 and an estimated population in 2006 of 105,077. The increased growth is evident in the increased demand for service at the county level.

**Highway System.** The County is traversed, along its northwestern border, by Interstate Highway 35 and bisected centrally by Interstate Highway 10 (east to west). US highway 90 and US Highway 90A both branch off Interstate Highway 10 in Seguin and continue eastward to the county line toward Luling and Gonzales, respectively. Additionally, the County has two major state highways (State Highway 46 and State Highway 123) that both bisect the County (north to south).

Governmental Entity. Guadalupe County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The county seat is the City of Seguin. The general governing body of the County is an elected five-member Commissioners' Court (Court) in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The Court is comprised of the County Judge, who is the presiding officer, and four Commissioners. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years.

The Court, which generally meets four times per month, sets the calendar for regularly scheduled commissioners' court dates on an annual basis. This calendar is available from the County Judge's office or from the County Clerk.

The Court sets the tax rate, approves contracts for the County, and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Auditor. The Court is also responsible for development of policies, approves financial commitments, and makes appointments of various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Court, and elected and appointed officials of other departments, are crucial to the success of the County's financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners' Court for approval. The district judges of Guadalupe County appoint the County Auditor for a two-year term.

The County serves an estimated 2006 population of 105,077 and provides many varied services for the public it serves. These services include, but are not limited to, the operation of the district, county and justices of the peace judicial systems, voting operations for national, state and some local elections, maintenance on and construction of county owned roads and bridges, recording functions relating to property rights and vital statistics, operation of law enforcement agencies (sheriff and constables), operation of the county jail, property tax collections for multiple agencies and general governmental administration. The County, while

not directly providing the service, does provide funding for Emergency Medical Services (EMS), Volunteer Fire Departments, and Libraries.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the County Judge during May each year. The County Judge, whom is the budget officer for the County, then uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The proposed budget is filed with the County Clerk and presented to the Court for review by the end of July. The Court then holds the public hearings on the proposed budget. The County is required to adopt a final budget by the first day of the new fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, budget summary, and line item. The Court approves the budget on a summary line basis with any changes to personnel or capital outlay required to be approved by commissioners' court.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the Supplemental Nonmajor Governmental Funds subsection of this report.

#### Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

**Local economy.** The County has benefited from the recent national and state economic resurgences; especially pertaining to construction activities and retail sales. The County is transitioning from a primarily rural community to a suburban community servicing the San Antonio/Austin corridor. There has been large-scale growth in the northwestern region of the County, primarily in the cities of Schertz and Cibolo. With the surge in residential growth has come supporting commercial industries (examples: restaurants, retail shops, offices). Another sign of the positive economic conditions has been the double-digit growth in sales tax revenue in FY 2006-2007 with a 14.0 percent increase over the prior year's 12.6 percent gain. The half-cent (.005) County sales tax adopted by the voters of the County directly reduces the County property taxes.

Cash management policies and practices. The Court has adopted a formal investment policy for the County and has designated the County Treasurer as the County's investment officer. The general objectives set forth in the policy provide for financial security and optimum liquidity of County funds while achieving the maximum yield on funds invested and maximum levels of invested funds.

**Risk Management.** The County provides for the management of risks through a combination of self-insurance and traditional insurance.

The County insures through private carriers against catastrophic losses to its infrastructure and certain major items of person property. Items so insured include buildings and contents, data media and valuable papers.

The County has elected to self-insure against risks from claim from workers' compensation and health and dental insurance. Third-party coverage is currently maintained to protect against excess and/or catastrophic loss.

**Pension and other post employment benefits.** The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its regular employees through a nontraditional, joint-contributory, defined contribution pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS, adopts specific plan provisions. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted within the actuarial constraints

imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed. Detailed information on the retirement plan can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

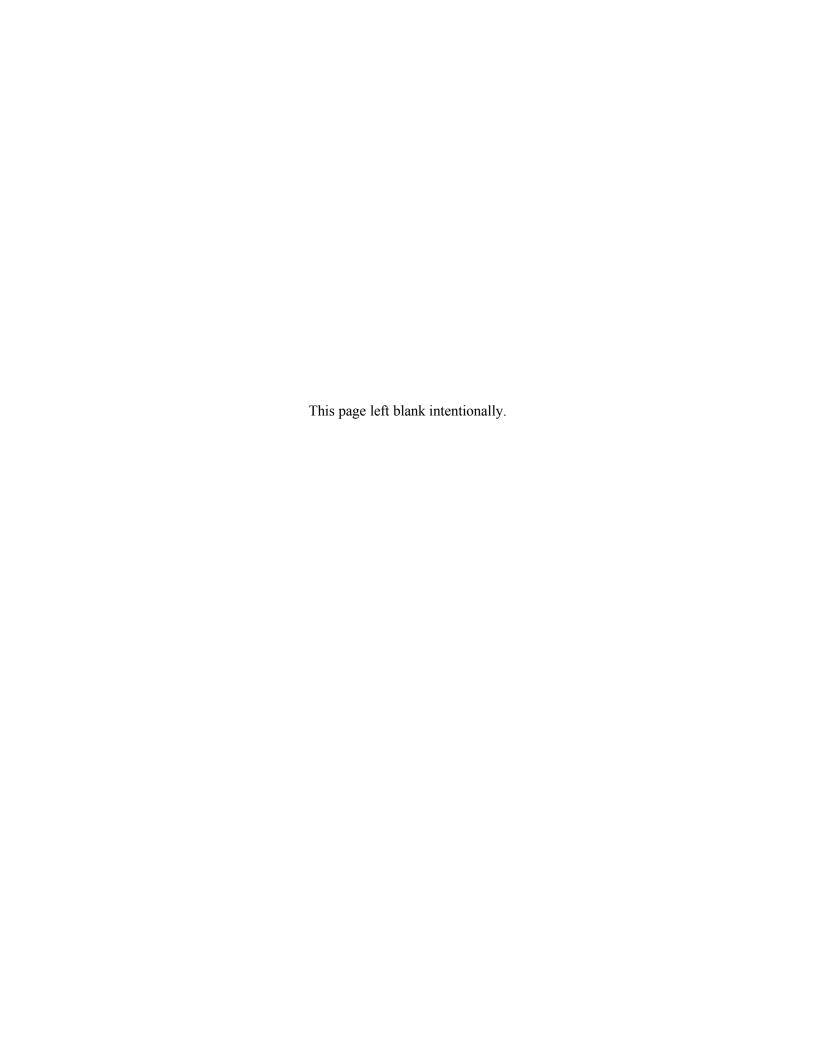
Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Auditor's Office, and the professional services provide by our Independent Auditors, Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. We also wish to commend the county officials, department heads, and all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Furthermore, it is important to recognize the members of the Commissioners Court for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County. I should also like to thank the District Judges of Guadalupe County for their unwavering support, enabling this office to perform its duties in a responsible and progressive manner. I am very honored to serve the citizens of this County and work with the outstanding officials and employees that help make Guadalupe County one of the best in Texas.

**Request for information.** This financial report is designated to provide an overview of the County's finances for individuals who are interested in this information. Questions concerning any of the data provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Guadalupe County Auditor, 307 W. Court, Suite 205, Seguin, Texas 78155.

Respectfully submitted,

Kristen Klein, CPA

Guadalupe County Auditor



#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

COUNTY JUDGE MIKE WIGGINS

COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 1 ROGER BAENZIGER

COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 2 CESAREO GUADARRAMA III

COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 3 JIM WOLVERTON

COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 4 JUDY COPE

COUNTY AUDITOR KRISTEN KLEIN

COUNTY TREASURER LINDA DOUGLASS

ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR OF TAXES TAVIE MURPHY

COUNTY CLERK TERESA KIEL

DISTRICT CLERK DEBRA CROW

SHERIFF ARNOLD ZWICKE

COUNTY ROAD ADMINISTRATOR LARRY TIMMERMANN

COUNTY ATTORNEY ELIZABETH MURRAY-KOLB

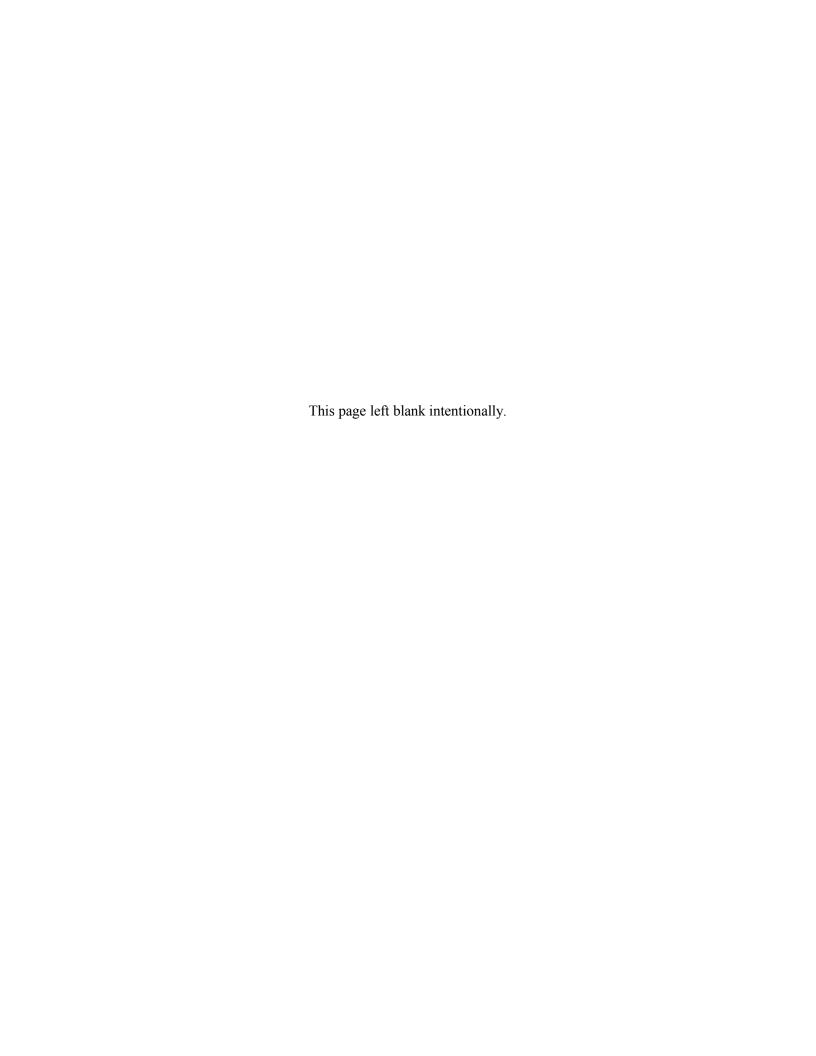
DISTRICT ATTORNEY VICKI PATTILLO

COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW JUDGE LINDA Z. JONES

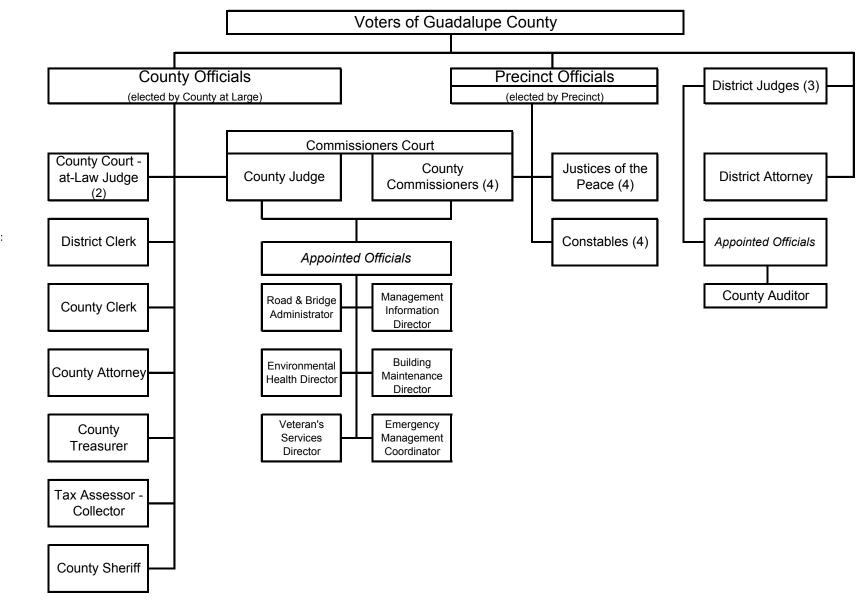
COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW JUDGE NO. 2 FRANK FOLLIS

OFFICIAL ISSUING REPORT

**COUNTY AUDITOR** 



## **GUADALUPE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



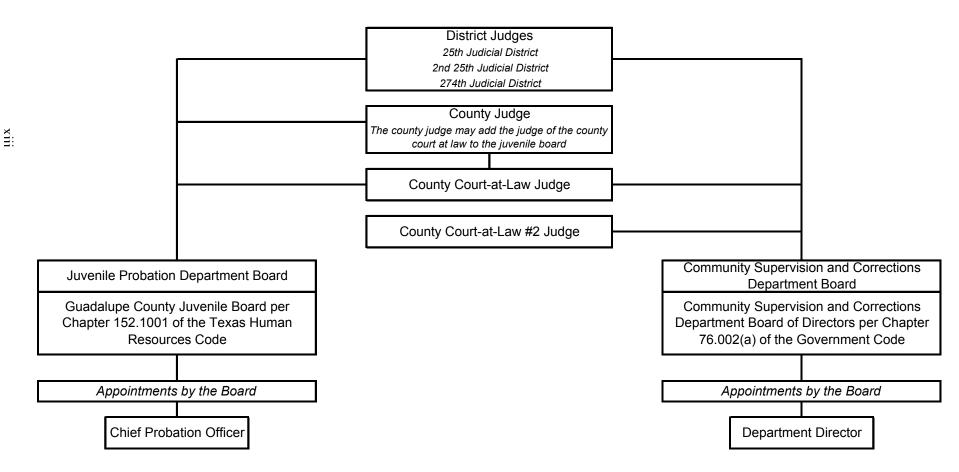
X1:

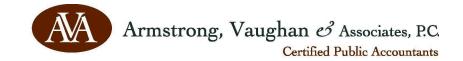
## **GUADALUPE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

## Juvenile Probation Department and

## Community Supervision and Corrections Department

(Adult Probation)





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioner's Court Guadalupe County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Guadalupe County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Guadalupe County, Texas', management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Guadalupe County, Texas, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 7, 2008, on our consideration of Guadalupe County, Texas', internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 13 and 44 through 56, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Guadalupe County, Texas', basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of these basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as well as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Assoc., P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughar & Assoc, P.C.

March 7, 2008

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the County of Guadalupe (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Net Assets**

- The total government-wide assets of the County exceeded the liabilities at September 30, 2007 by \$47,928,262 (net assets), an increase from the previous year of 15%.
- Of this amount, \$317,359 is restricted for debt service, \$25,664,890 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt, and \$21,946,013 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **Statement of Activities**

• During the year, the County's expenses were \$36,862,852, which was \$6,368,274 less than the \$43,231,126 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.

#### Sales Tax

- Sales tax collections for the fiscal year were \$4.68 million, which was 14% greater than the previous year.
- Note: January 1, 1988 the voters of Guadalupe County enacted a ½ cents (.005) sales and use tax for property tax relief. The county tax is collected in addition to state tax and any other local taxes (city, transit, and special purpose district) when applicable.

#### **Inmate Board Bills**

• Revenues from Inmate Board Bills (out of county paying inmates at the Adult Detention Facility) were \$3,320,000, which exceeded the original budget by \$1,517,000. The amount of funds received from inmate board bills in FY07 was at the same level as FY06.

#### Other Revenues

- Property tax collections exceeded the budgeted amount by 2%, for a total amount over budget of \$351,000. This is due to a number of factors, including but not limited to increased collections, additional properties included in late certifications, properties affected by the agriculture roll back, and properties that are removed from the property tax freeze due when the owner either sells the property or becomes deceased.
- Other revenues that exceeded expectations and increase of over \$97,000 in fees of office in the District Clerk's fees of office from the previous fiscal year. This was due to the increased fees from the 2005 legislative session, and the increased collection efforts by the District Clerk.
- Interest Income for the general fund was \$847,000, which was over 41.5% greater than the previous year. This increase is attributable mainly to the increased unrestricted reserve funds that were available to be invested. It is also attributable to the somewhat higher federal funds rate. (The federal funds rate, set by the Federal Reserve, was 3.75% October 1, 2005, increased to 5.25% by October 1, 2006 and was down to 4.75 by September 30, 2007. However, it is important to note that the federal funds rate was down to 3.00% in February 2008.)

#### Services

• The total services provided by the County were virtually unchanged from last year, and no new programs were added this year.

#### **Fund Balance**

• The general fund unreserved fund balance of \$10,665,523 equals 34% of the FY 2007 total general fund original budget. The county's target budgetary fund balance target is 25% to 33% (three to four months) of operating revenue. (A portion of the unreserved fund balance is planned to be used for renovation of the Justice Center.)

#### **Long-Term Debt**

• The County did not incur any additional debt. The total principal amount of long term debt outstanding was \$11,610,000 September 30, 2007.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as self-funded employee medical insurance.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report Management's Basic Required Financia Supplementary Discussion Information Statements and Analysis Notes Government-Wide Financial Financial to the Statements Statements Financial Statements



Figure A-2. Major Features of the County's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Fund Statements**

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
	Entire County's government	The activities of the County	Activities the County	Instances in which the
Scope	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	operates similar to private	county is the trustee or
	and the County's component	fiduciary	businesses: self insurance	agent for someone else's
	units			resources
	<ul> <li>Statement of net assets</li> </ul>	Balance Sheet	<ul> <li>Statement of net assets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of fiduciary net</li> </ul>
Required financial				assets
statements	<ul> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of revenues,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of revenues,</li> </ul>	Statement of changes
		expenditures & changes	expenses & changes in	in fiduciary net assets
		in fund balances	fund net assets	
			<ul> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> </ul>	
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus	economic resources focus
focus		financial resources focus		
	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,	All assets and liabilities,
Type of	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,	both short-term and long-
asset/liabilitiy	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	and short-term and long-	term, the Agency's funds do
information		year or soon thereafter;	term	not currently contain capital
		no capital assets included		assets, although they can
	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and expenses	All revenues and expenses
Type of	expenses during year,	received during or soon after	during year, regardless of	during year, regardless of
inflow/outflow	regardless of when cash	the end of the year; expenditures	when cash is received or	when cash is received or
information	is received or paid	when goods or services have	paid	paid
		been received and payment is		
		due during the year or soon		
		thereafter.		

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resource measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County (except for infrastructure) and all liabilities. Additionally, certain adjustments have occurred to eliminate interfund transactions.

The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the County's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's tax base

The government-wide financial statements of the County include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, judicial, public safety, public transportation, etc. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds*—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The County establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net assets. The County's combined net assets were \$47,928,262 at September 30, 2007. (See Table A-1).

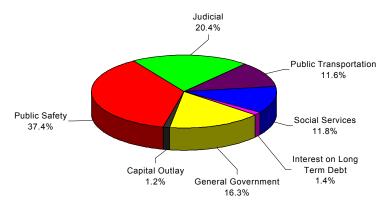
**Table A-1**Guadalupe County's Net Assets (In millions/thousands dollars)

#### Governmental

	Activities				Total			
	- 2	2007		2006	- 2	2007		2006
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20.9	\$	16.2	\$	20.9	\$	16.2
Receivables:								
Taxes		1.5		1.4		1.5		1.4
Accounts		3.0		2.3		3.0		2.3
Prepaid Expenses		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4
Deferred Charges		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2
Deposits								
Inventories - Supplies and Materials (at Cost)		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1
Bond Issue Costs		-		0.1				0.1
Total Current Assets:		26.1		20.7		26.1		20.7
Non-Current Assets:								
Land		1.3		1.2		1.3		1.2
Infrastructure - Roads		14.7		13.5		14.7		13.5
Infrastructure - Bridges		1.3		1.9		1.3		1.9
Buildings and Improvements		26.4		26.1		26.4		26.1
Furniture and Equipment		10.1		9.7		10.1		9.7
Construction in Progress		0.0		0.1		0.0		0.1
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(16.7)		(15.7)		(16.7)		(15.7)
Total Non-Current Assets:		37.1		36.8		37.1		36.8
Total Assets	\$	63.2	\$	57.5	\$	63.2	\$	57.5
		02.2	Ψ	07.0	Ψ	00.2		07.0
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and								
Accrued Liabilities	\$	3.0	\$	3.0	\$	3.0	\$	3.0
Deferred/Unearned Revenue	4	0.1	Ψ	0.2	Ψ	0.1	Ψ	0.2
Accrued Interest Payable		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1
Due to Other Governments		0.2		0.1		0.2		0.1
Total Current Liabilities		3.4		3.4		3.4		3.4
Long-Term Liabilities:	-	J. <del>T</del>		J. <b>T</b>		J. <b>T</b>		Э.т
Long Term Debt		11.8		12.5		11.8		12.5
Total Liabilities		15.2		15.9		15.2	_	15.9
Total Liabilities		13.2		13.9		13.2		13.9
Net Assets:								
Invested in Capital Assets		25.7		24.5		25.7		24.5
Reserved for Inventory		23.1		24.3		23.1		24.3
Reserved for Debt Service		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3
		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.3
Restricted for Prepaid Insurance		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Workers Comp Claims		22.0		16.0		22.0		16.0
Unrestricted Total Net Assets	Φ.	22.0	Φ.	16.8	Φ.	22.0	Ф	16.8
Total Ivel Assets	\$	48.0	\$	41.6	\$	48.0	\$	41.6

The County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$48.0 million at the close of the current fiscal year. Of this amount \$25.7 million represents the portion the County has invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt used to construct or acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these funds are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$317,359, represents funds that are restricted to the Debt Service Fund. These proceeds are raised from property taxes and are restricted for payment of the long-term debt (certificates of obligation and bonds) owed by the County.

Figure A-4 County Expenditures for Fiscal Year 2007



#### **Statement of Activities - Expenditures**

The total cost of all programs and services was \$36,862,852 (See Figure A-5). Of these costs 37% are for Public Safety, 20% for Judicial, 16% for General Government and 12% for Public Transportation.

- General Government includes the general administration, Commissioners Court, Auditor's Office, County Treasurer, Tax Assessor Collector, and Elections Administration.
- Public Safety includes the Sheriff's office, Constables, County Jail, Community Supervision and Corrections (Adult Probation), Juvenile Probation and Detention Service, Fire Protection costs, Emergency Management and County's expenses related to the Department of Public Safe.
- Judicial includes the judicial branch (justice, county and district courts)
- Public Transportation includes the Road and Bridge department.
- Social Services include EMS, indigent health care, Veteran's Services Office, Senior Volunteers, Animal Control, Collection Stations and Environmental Health.
- Conservation includes Agricultural Extension Service and Soil and Water Conservation departments.

Figure A-5 County Revenues for Fiscal Year 2007 **Property Taxes** 57.2% Capital Grants/Contributions Other Revenue 0.3% 0.5% **Operating Grants** Sales Tax 5.8% 10.6% Charges for Services Investment Earnings 22.6% 2.9%

#### **Statement of Activities - Revenues.**

The County's total revenues were \$43,231,126. A significant portion, 69%, of the County's revenue comes from taxes, including primarily property tax and sales tax (See Figure A-4). Other revenue sources include 23% from charges for services, with only 6% from grants and contributions.

Table A-2
Changes in Guadalupe County's Net Assets
(In millions/thousands dollars)

Governmental Activities Total 2007 2006 2007 2006 Program Revenues: \$ \$ \$ Charges for Services 10.0 9.3 9.3 10.0 Operating Grants and Contributions 2.7 2.6 2.7 2.6 **Capital Grants and Contributions** General Revenues: **Property Taxes** 25.2 22.5 25.2 22.5 Sales Tax 4.7 4.7 4.1 4.1 Other Taxes 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.2 Investment Earnings 1.2 0.9 0.9 Special Item-Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets (0.8)0.1 (0.8)0.1 Other 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 **Total Program Revenues:** 43.2 39.7 43.2 39.7 General Government 5.9 5.5 5.9 5.5 Judicial 7.5 7.2 7.5 7.2 13.8 13.8 13.0 Public Safety 13.0 **Public Transportation** 4.3 4.0 4.3 4.0 Social Services 4.4 4.1 4.4 4.1 Capital Outlay 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.2 Interest on Long Term Debt 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 Total Expenses 36.8 34.6 36.8 34.6 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets 6.4 5.1 6.4 5.1

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the County's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$36.8 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$25.2
- The cost paid by those who directly benefited from the programs was \$10.0 million.
- The total received by the County for grants and contributions was \$2.7 million.

**Table A-3**Net Cost of Selected County Functions
(In millions of dollars)

	Total C Servi		Net Co		
	2007	2006	Services 2007 2006		
General Government	5.9	5.5	(2.5)	(2.2)	
Judicial	7.5	7.2	(5.3)	(5.3)	
Public Safety	13.8	13.0	(9.2)	(8.5)	
Public Transportation	4.3	4.0	(3.5)	(3.4)	
Social Services	4.4	6.7	(2.7)	(4.1)	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

#### General Fund and Major Funds Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County revised its budget 142 times compared to the previous year's budget of 200 times, a 29% decrease in number of budget amendments. This reduction was primarily due to a change in the change in fiscal policy. The major unanticipated expenditures were as follows:

- The County amended the budget at the beginning of the fiscal year to account for projects, such as the Schertz Addition for \$425,000 and the Jail remodeling project for \$500,000 that were budgeted for in FY06 but the projects did not start or were not completed until FY07. Also the budget was amended by \$224,000 to fund vehicles for the Sheriff's department that were ordered during the prior fiscal year, but were not received until after October 1, 2006.
- The County amended the budget by \$118,000 in order to increase staffing levels at the Adult Detention Center (Jail) as required by the Jail Commission Report issued in October 2006.
- The Road and Bridge budget was amended by \$71,000 for bridge construction that was originally budgeted in FY06 but not completed until FY07.
- The availability of two pieces of property prompted the County to amend the budget by \$267,000 to purchase 212 W. Nolte and by \$51,000 to purchase additional land for parking by the Justice of the Peace Precinct building.
- Escalating gas prices required the County to amend its budget by \$105,000 for the gasoline/fuel budgets for county vehicles for the Road and Bridge Department.

Major items affecting revenues were as follows:

- Interest earnings exceeded expectations by \$147,000.
- Sales tax collections were \$168,000 more than expected.
- Property tax collections exceeded budget by \$351,000.
- Inmate Board Bills (revenue from inmates from other jurisdictions) exceeded the original budget by \$1,520,000.

In the original budget, the expenditures exceeded the revenues by \$655,000. Historically the County departments have been careful when expending of their budgets, leaving 1-2% of their expenditure budget remaining at the end of the year. That accompanied by the conservative approach to estimating revenues, therefore it could be reasonably estimated that the County would not decrease their fund balance during the fiscal year.

However, the significant increases in revenues noted above include the funding during the previous budget cycle for a number of large projects that were not completed during the fiscal year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2007, the County had invested \$36.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.8 million or 5% percent more than last year.

**Table A-4**City's Long-Term Debt (In thousands dollars)

		Govern	nmenta	1				
		Acti	vities					
	2007			2006		2007	2	2006
Land	\$	1.3	\$	1.2	\$	1.3	\$	1.2
Infrastructure - Roads		14.7		13.5		14.7		13.5
Infrastructure - Bridges		1.3		1.9		1.3		1.9
Buildings and Improvements		26.4		26.1		26.4		26.1
Construction In Progress		-		0.1		-		0.1
Equipment		10.1		9.7		10.1		9.7
Totals at Historical Cost		53.8		52.5		53.8		52.5
Total Accumulate Depreciation Net Capital Assets	\$	(16.7) 37.1	\$	(15.7) 36.8	\$	(16.7) 37.1	\$	(15.7) 36.8

The County has elected to report infrastructure using the depreciation method for the bridges and the "Modified Approach," as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, for reporting the 693 miles county roads, right-of-way and culverts.

In order to meet the requirements of the "Modified Approach," the Guadalupe County Road and Bridge Department performs condition assessments of county road continually throughout the year and evaluates and prioritizes the results annually. The condition of the road pavement is measured using the Pavement Condition Ratings and Images (PCR) management system, which is based on a weighted average of six distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The County has made a commitment to incur the maintenance expenses necessary to preserve 80% of its road system at a good (3.3) or better condition level, on a scale of zero to five with five as the highest. For the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the County had 96% of the County roads at this level or above. See the *Infrastructure Assets (Roads) Under the Modified Approach* in the Required Supplementary Information after the Notes for more information.

#### Capital Projects/Expenditures for FY08

The County's fiscal year 2008 Capital Projects Fund estimates spending \$1,881,700 for capital projects, the major projects are as follows:

- \$400,000 Completion of the new financial software and hardware, a multi year project
- \$500,000 Renovations of the old section of the Adult Detention Facility, carried forward from FY06
- \$325,000 Animal Control Facility
- \$425,000 Addition to the Schertz Building

The Road and Bridge fund has budgeted \$234,000 in capital equipment purchases for replacement equipment and vehicles for the Road and Bridge Department. The General Fund has budgeted \$321,500 for new vehicles for the Sheriff's office. Also budgeted in the General Fund is \$123,000 for the Adult Detention Center for a passenger van and a passenger bus. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is available under the 'Capital Outlay' in the County's Budget.

#### **Bond Ratings**

The County's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings with underlying ratings as follows: Moody's Investor Services"A1" and Standard & Poors "AAA".

#### **Long Term Debt**

At year-end the County had \$11.5 million in bonds and notes outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the County's debt is presented in the Notes to the financial statements.

**Table A-5**County's Long Term Debt
(In millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities					То	tal		
	2007		2007		2006	Ź	2007		2006
1999 Certificates of Obligation	\$	2.30	\$	2.90	\$	2.30	\$	2.90	
2005 Refunding Bonds		9.2		9.4		9.2		9.4	
Compensated Absences		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	
	\$	11.80	\$	12.60	\$	11.80	\$	12.60	

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and economic uses of the County's resources, as well as a means to accomplish the highest priority objectives. Through the budget, the Commissioners Court sets the direction of the county, allocates its resources, and establishes its priorities.

In calculating the taxes for the FY08 budget, as of July 25, 2007, Guadalupe County had a net taxable appraised value, freeze adjusted, of \$5.9 billion. The net taxable value includes new improvements/construction of \$414 million.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2008. Property tax revenue increased due to new property and tax increase over the effective tax rate of 7.99%, which set tax rate for the new fiscal year at \$0.3895 per hundred dollar valuation. Before the adjustment for newly added property, the effective tax rate adjusts to only allow the county to receive the same tax levy as the previous year. Therefore, additional property tax revenue is generated from new property and tax rate increases in accordance with the State of Texas' Truth-In Taxation laws.

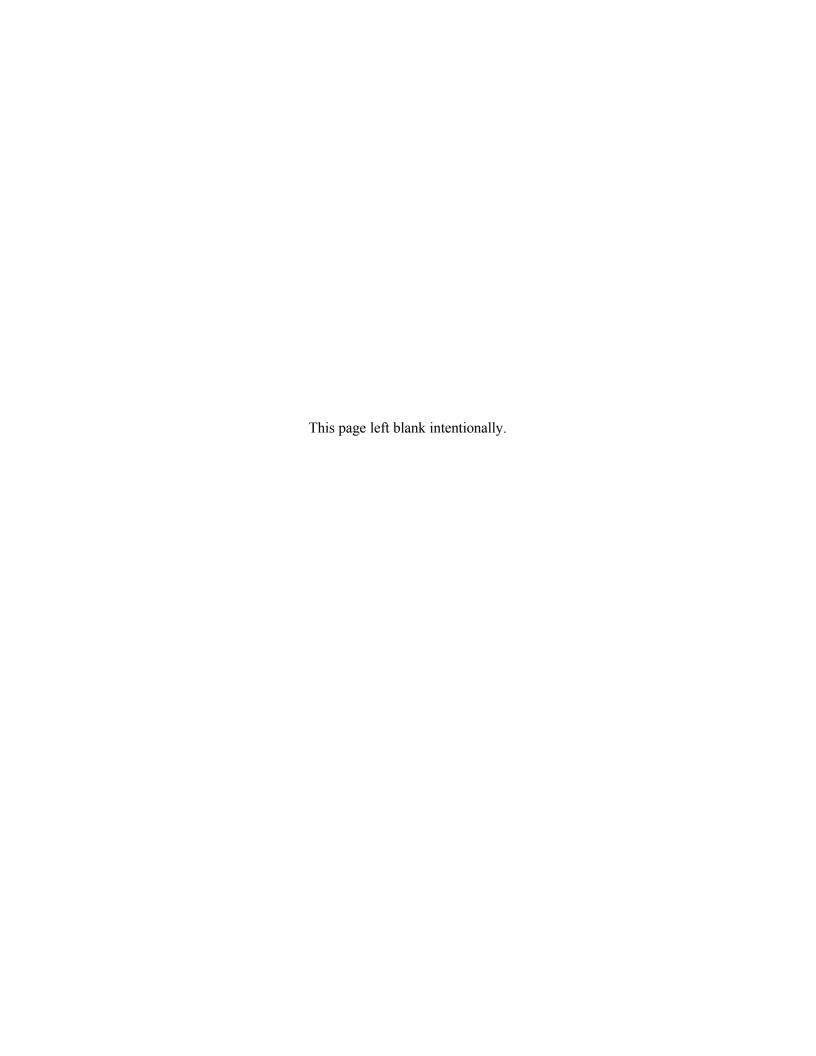
The general operating fund spending increases in the 2008 budget to \$34.9 from \$31.3 million in the 2007 budget. This is a 11.5% increase. The largest increases are from rising health insurance costs, additional staffing, raises for existing employees, increased cost of oil and oil related products (oil, gasoline, diesel, asphalt, etc.) and construction and renovation projects. Included in the FY08 budget are a number of construction and renovation projects that address the growth issues of the County and the need to maintain the County's infrastructure. These projects include the renovation of the Adult Detention Facility, the renovation of the Economy Furniture Building into a Justice Center for the court system, the construction of an animal control facility and an addition to the Schertz Annex Building.

In order to help fund current and future construction and renovation projects, the County adopted a budget with the intent that there would be a net increase estimated in fund balance between budgeted revenues and budgeted expenditures. The additional funds, as well as a portion of the current fund balance would be used to fund current and future construction and renovation projects.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office at:

County of Guadalupe, Texas Office of County Auditor County Administration Building 307 W. Court, Suite 205 Seguin, Texas 78155 (830) 303-4188 Ext. 328.



#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
  - Governmental funds
  - Proprietary (Internal Service) funds
  - Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 20,882,746
Receivables (Net of Allowances	
for Uncollectibles)	
Taxes	1,451,147
Other Receivables	3,006,840
Due From Other Governments	5,590
Inventories	109,945
Prepaids	383,537
Deferred Charges	215,263
Capital Assets:	
Land	1,262,410
Infrastructure:	
Roads	14,721,898
Bridges	1,288,974
Buildings and Improvements	26,450,006
Equipment	10,106,213
Construction in Progress	42,420
Accumulated Depreciation	(16,708,363)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 63,218,626

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and	
Other Current Liabilities	\$ 3,014,023
Deferred/Unearned Revenue	115,578
Accrued Interest Payable	77,687
Due to Other Governments	199,861
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,120,270
Due in More than One Year	10,762,945_
Total Liabilities	15,290,364
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets,	
Net of Related Debt	25,664,890
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	317,359
Unrestricted	21,946,013
Total Net Assets	47,928,262
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	
NET ASSETS	\$ 63,218,626

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in		
			5	Net Assets	
Functions and Programs	Expenditures	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ (5,990,727)	\$ 3,107,604	\$ 192,567	\$ 140,660	\$ (2,549,896)
Judicial	(7,507,134)	1,576,806	678,312	· -	(5,252,016)
Public Safety	(13,793,072)	4,554,942	34,826	-	(9,203,304)
Public Transportation	(4,264,741)	574,379	131,699	-	(3,558,663)
Social Services	(4,349,623)	154,944	1,522,835	-	(2,671,844)
Capital Outlay	(437,857)	-	-	-	(437,857)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	(519,698)	-	-	-	(519,698)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$(36,862,852)	\$ 9,968,675	\$ 2,560,239	\$ 140,660	(24,193,278)
General Revenues and Special Items	:				
Taxes					
General Property Taxes					25,171,944
Sales Taxes					4,684,240
Other Taxes					108,678
Interest and Investment Earnings					1,283,441
Miscellaneous					109,301
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets					
Total General Revenues and Special Items					
Change in Net Assets					6,368,274
Net Assets at Beginning of Year					41,559,988
Net Assets at End of Year					\$ 47,928,262

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ASSETS	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 10,715,538	\$ 1,285,970	\$ 5,844,814	\$ 17,846,322
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	, ,	, ,	, , ,	, ,
Taxes	1,171,096	190,493	89,558	1,451,147
Other	1,685,084	67,540	43,034	1,795,658
Due from Other Governments	5,590	-	-	5,590
Due from Other Funds	83,905	-	-	83,905
Inventories	-	94,965	14,980	109,945
Prepaid Items	344,315	16,922	2,299	363,536
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,005,528	\$ 1,655,890	\$ 5,994,685	\$ 21,656,103
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES			
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,162,436	\$ 314,524	\$ 222,720	\$ 1,699,680
Due to Other Funds	-	42,123	39,479	81,602
Accrued Wages & Benefits	350,119	-	-	350,119
Due to Other Governments	199,861	-	-	199,861
Deferred/Unearned Revenues	1,283,274	190,493	92,958	1,566,725
Total Liabilities	2,995,690	547,140	355,157	3,897,987
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Inventory & Prepaids	344,315	111,887	17,279	473,481
Debt Service	-	-	227,801	227,801
Unreserved, reported in:				
General Fund	10,665,523	-	-	10,665,523
Road & Bridge Fund	-	996,863	-	996,863
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	3,967,655	3,967,655
Capital Projects Funds			1,426,793	1,426,793
Total Fund Balances	11,009,838	1,108,750	5,639,528	17,758,116
TOTAL LIABILITIES &				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 14,005,528	\$ 1,655,890	\$ 5,994,685	\$ 21,656,103

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 17,758,116
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	37,163,558
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs related to employee insurance. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	2,908,387
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,451,147
Outstanding receivables for the district and county clerks are not considered a current financial resource and therefore not represented in the fund statements	392,693
Unamortized bond issue costs are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	215,263
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(11,883,215)
Uncompensated Absenses 384,547	
Bonds Payable 11,610,000	
Bond Premium 258,521	
Deferred Difference on Bond Refunding (369,853)	
Accrued interest payable on long-term-bonds is not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	 (77,687)
TOTAL NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 47,928,262

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

			Other	
		Road and	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Bridge	Governmental	Governmental
REVENUES	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Taxes	\$23,864,444	\$ 4,880,001	\$ 1,248,423	\$ 29,992,868
Licenses and Permits	461,666	5,125	- , , , <u>-</u>	466,791
Intergovernmental	1,296,294	85,183	1,226,185	2,607,662
Charges for Services	6,208,153	, -	975,442	7,183,595
Fines and Forfeits	917,508	497,878	166,235	1,581,621
Miscellaneous	1,195,475	176,415	532,060	1,903,950
TOTAL REVENUES	33,943,540	5,644,602	4,148,345	43,736,487
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	4,423,886	_	32,220	4,456,106
Judicial	4,056,334	_	3,174,509	7,230,843
Public Safety	12,928,502	_	332,896	13,261,398
Public Transportation	-	5,493,032	-	5,493,032
Social Services	3,887,864	, , , <u>-</u>	439,060	4,326,924
Capital Projects/Outlay	2,045,997	231,135	1,063,469	3,340,601
Debt Service:	, ,		, ,	, ,
Principal	_	-	710,000	710,000
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	503,193	503,193
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,342,583	5,724,167	6,255,347	39,322,097
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,600,957	(79,565)	(2,107,002)	4,414,390
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers In	_	405,000	3,540,640	3,945,640
Operating Transfers (Out)	(3,938,701)		(6,939)	(3,945,640)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(3,938,701)	405,000	3,533,701	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
& Other Financing Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures & Other				
Financing (Uses)	2,662,256	325,435	1,426,699	4,414,390
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,347,582	783,315	4,212,829	13,343,726
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$11,009,838	\$ 1,108,750	\$ 5,639,528	\$ 17,758,116

# GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  1,127,010  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  180,084  The issuance of long-term-debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term-debt and related items.  Bond Principal Payments  710,000  Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated Absences  Bond Issue Costs  Amortization of Bond Premium  21,544  Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding  (30,821)  In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported.  (796,596)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of employee insurance to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities.  5, 6,368,274	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 4,414,390
of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation.  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  180,084  The issuance of long-term-debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activites. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term-debt and related items.  Bond Principal Payments  710,000  Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated Absences  (46,409)  Bond Issue Costs  (31,883)  Accrued Interest on Bond  Amortization of Bond Premium  21,544  Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding  In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported.  (796,596)		
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Bond Issue Costs Accrued Interest on Bond Accrued Interest on Bond Amortization of Bond Premium Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding  In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported.  (796,596)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of employee insurance to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities.  796,300	• •	
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Amortization of Bond Premium 21,544 Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding (30,821)  In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported.  (796,596)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of employee insurance to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities.  796,300	Bond Issue Costs	(31,883)
Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding (30,821)  In the Statement of Activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported. (796,596)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of employee insurance to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities. 796,300	Accrued Interest on Bond	24,655
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while in the governmental funds only the proceeds (if any) are reported. (796,596)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of employee insurance to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities. 796,300	Amortization of Deferred Difference on Refunding	(30,821)
to individual funds. The net revenue/(loss) is reported with governmental activities. 796,300		(796,596)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 6,368,274		796,300
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,368,274

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities Internal
ASSETS	Service Funds
Current Assets:	
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 3,036,424
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	
Accounts	818,489
Prepaid Expense	20,001
Total Current Assets	3,874,914
Capital Assets:	
Equipment	7,385
Accumulated Depreciation	(7,385)
Total Capital Assets	(7,565)
Total Suprial Historis	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,874,914
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities:	
Outstanding Claims and Payables	\$ 964,224
Due to Other Funds	2,303
TOTAL LIABILITIES	966,527
Net Assets:	
Restricted for:	
Future Claims	2,112,088
Unrestricted	796,299
TOTAL NET ASSETS	2,908,387
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	\$ 3,874,914

# GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
OPERATING REVENUES	Service Funds
Premiums and Reimbursements	\$ 4,620,043
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,620,043
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel Services	83,994
Claims Paid	3,033,624
Administrative Fees	194,965
Premiums for Excess Coverage	621,770
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,934,353
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	685,690
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest Income	110,610
TOTAL NONOPERATING	
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	110,610
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	796,300
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,112,087
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,908,387

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</b>	_Service Funds_
Cash Received From Participants	\$ 4,098,496
Cash Paid for Employee Wages & Benefits	(83,994)
Cash Paid to Benefit Claims & Excess Coverage	(3,115,335)
Cash Paid Other Costs	(194,965)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Operating Activities	704,202
<b>Cash Flows From Investing Activities:</b>	
Interest Received	110,610
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Investing Activities	110,610
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	
and Cash Equivalents	814,812
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,221,612
Cash and Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 3,036,424
Reconciliation of Operating Income	
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 685,690
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	
Income to Net Cash Provided	
(Used) by Operating Activities:	
(Increase) Decrease in	
Operating Assets:	
Accounts Receivable	(521,547)
Prepaid Expenses	229
Increase (Decrease) in	
Operating Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	539,830
	18,512
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 704,202

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and Temporary Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,983,217 50
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,983,267
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,502,304
Due to Other Governments	1,480,963
Total Liabilities	2,983,267
Net Assets:	
Total Net Assets	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	\$ 2,983,267

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the county have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Propriety type funds apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB opinions, and ARB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below:

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Primary Government**

Guadalupe County (the County) is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is made up of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g. administration, judicial & legal, elections administration, and financial administration), public safety (fire protection, law enforcement and corrections), public transportation (highways and streets), social services and conservation.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

#### Excluded from the Reporting Entity:

Guadalupe Regional Medical Center. The Hospital is governed by a Board of Directors, appointed by Guadalupe County and the City of Seguin. The annual budget is submitted for approval to both the Seguin City Council and the Guadalupe County Commissioner's Court. The Hospital is intended to be self-supporting, however, with the County and City contingently liable for operating losses. Therefore, financial information pertaining to the Hospital is included under Note K entitled Contingencies, rather than as part of this reporting entity as it is classified as a joint venture.

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County (except for County fiduciary activity). The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and charges for services.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund, and Road and Bridge (Special Revenue) Fund meet the criteria as **major governmental funds**. Each major fund is reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules.

### 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Major revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued.)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, social services, and capital acquisition.

**Road and Bridge Fund** accounts for taxes assessed, along with fines and forfeitures associated with the support of the development and maintenance of County highways, streets and bridges.

Nonmajor funds include special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds.

**Proprietary fund level financial statements** are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The County's only proprietary fund is the Internal Service Fund used to account for the County's group medical insurance program and workers compensation benefits. Revenues are derived from charges for County contributions, employee and retiree/cobra premiums, investment of idle funds and stop loss collections. Expenses are claims, premiums for stop loss coverage and administrative expenses.

The **Proprietary Fund** is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- 2. Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations (e.g. insurance payments).

**Fiduciary fund level financial statements** include fiduciary funds which are classified into private purpose trust and agency funds. Agency funds do not involve a formal trust agreement. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued.)

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business type activities subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

#### 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits, short-term certificates of deposit with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government, and deposits in TexPool and MBIA, local government investment pools.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, federal agency and instrumentality obligations, and certificates of deposit collateralized by obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Investments are stated at fair market value, except for deposits in local government investment pools and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Internal Service Funds consider all highly liquid investments including cash in banks, cash on hand, money market accounts, and deposits in local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

#### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1, 2006 and past due after January 31, 2007. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 6. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements.

#### 7. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories of consumable supplies are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and in the fund financial statements are offset by a reservation of fund balance which indicates they do not represent "available spendable resources".

#### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, such as equipment, are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include County-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 to 40 years
Bridges	30 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years

The County uses the modified approach to report its infrastructure assets in the government-wide statements of net assets. Road infrastructure assets in the government are listed at historical costs but they are not depreciated. Rather, under the modified approach allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the County reports annual expenses for maintaining roads and the estimated costs for preserving them at a 3.3 level out of a 5.0 scale. Bridge infrastructure is recorded at historical costs and depreciated over the estimated life of the bridge.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits up to 80 hours. Upon resignation, an employee may receive pay for any unused accrued vacation provided the employee is not subject to discharge for misconduct. Unused sick leave may be accumulated to certain limits. In the event of termination, no reimbursement is made for accumulated sick leave. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

#### 10. DEFERRED/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred revenue

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 12. FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Fund reservations include encumbrances, capital projects, debt service, inventories and prepaids. Designation of fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 13. NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 14. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the primary government's cash on hand was \$2,945 and the carrying amount of bank deposits was \$8,262,109 and the bank balance was \$8,238,776. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance and the County's depository had pledged securities having a face value of \$9,944,910 and market value of \$10,040,625 as collateral for the County's deposits. All of the County's cash was fully collateralized.

#### 2. <u>Investments</u>

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal

#### **NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

#### 2. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Reported Value
Primary Government		
MBIA Texas Class Portfolio (Local Government		
Investment Pool)	\$ 11,183,311	\$ 11,183,311
TexPool (Local Government Investment Pool)	4,417,598	4,417,598
	\$ 15,600,909	\$ 15,600,909

*Credit Risk.* The County's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the state or of the United States, obligations, the principle and interest that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by this state or state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than a or its equivalent.

The County may also invest its funds in state law authorized government investment pools provided the pool maintains a AAA rating, the pool maintains a stable asset value, and the average dollar weighted maturity does not exceed 90 days, and Commissioner's Court must approve of the investment. As of September 30, 2007, the investment in TexPool was rated AAA/VI+.

The County may also invest in certificates of deposit or share certificates issued by a depository institution which has its main office or a branch office in this state and is guaranteed or insured by FDIC or the NCUSIC, or is secured by collateral or other method provided for by state law.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2007, the government's deposits were insured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent (Independent Banker's Bank) as pledged to Guadalupe County.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investment. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2007, the County's investments were held in government investment pools.

#### NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable in full by the following January 31. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also the taxes for several other taxing agencies. The County acts only as an intermediary in the collection and distribution of property taxes to other entities. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed as collected to the General, Road and Bridge and Debt Service Funds of the County. The distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by Commissioner's Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County is authorized by the tax laws for the State of Texas to levy taxes up to .80 per \$100 of the assessed valuation for general government invoices and the payment of principal and interest on certain permanent improvement long-term debt. Taxes may be levied in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on road bond long-term debt issued under article 3, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution. Net taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred revenues.

The combined tax rate assessed on the 2006 tax roll (Guadalupe County and Special Road) to finance operations and debt service for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, was \$.4031 per \$100 assessed valuation. The total tax levy for the fiscal year 2007 was \$23,035,688, of which \$102,018 remained outstanding in current delinquent taxes as of September 30, 2007.

#### NOTE D -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 9/30/2006	Additions	Disposals	Balance 9/30/2007
Capital Assets Not Depreciated:	2/30/2000	raditions	Disposuis	)13012001
Construction in Progress	\$ 115,820	\$ -	\$ (73,400)	\$ 42,420
Land	1,211,699	50,711	-	1,262,410
Infrastructure - Roads	13,489,174	1,232,724	_	14,721,898
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	14,816,693	1,283,435	(73,400)	16,026,728
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Infrastructure - Bridges	1,899,928	229,685	(840,639)	1,288,974
Buildings and Improvements	26,081,656	368,350	-	26,450,006
Equipment	9,705,962	1,046,521	(646,270)	10,106,213
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	37,687,546	1,644,556	(1,486,909)	37,845,193
Totals at Historical Cost	52,504,239	2,927,991	(1,560,309)	53,871,921
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Infrastructure - Bridges	(387,675)	(26,768)	109,030	(305,413)
Buildings and Improvements	(9,406,945)	(634,171)	<u>-</u>	(10,041,116)
Equipment	(5,876,475)	(1,066,642)	581,283	(6,361,834)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,671,095)	(1,727,581)	690,313	(16,708,363)
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 36,833,144	\$ 1,200,410	\$ (869,996)	\$ 37,163,558

#### **NOTE D -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 245,993
Judicial	198,187
Public Safety	886,091
Public Transportation	374,932
Social Services	22,378
Total Depreciation Expense -	
General Activities	\$ 1,727,581

#### **NOTE E -- LONG-TERM DEBT**

The County had the following changes in long-term debt outstanding for the year ended September 30, 2007:

General Long-Term Debt	Original Issue Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding 9/30/2006	Added During Year	Retired During Year	Balance Outstanding 9/30/2007	Due Within One Year
Certificate of Obligation, Series 1999	14,000,000	\$ 2,935,000	\$ -	\$ 680,000	\$ 2,255,000	\$ 715,000
Series 1999	4.35-5.6%	\$ 2,933,000	φ -	\$ 080,000	\$ 2,233,000	\$ 713,000
General Obligation						
Refunding Bonds						
Series 2005	9,495,000	9,385,000	-	30,000	9,355,000	30,000
D 1 D	3.25-4.00%					
Bond Premium Series 2005		280,064		21 544	259 520	21.544
Series 2003		280,004	-	21,544	258,520	21,544
Less:						
Deferred Difference Refun	ding	(400,673)	-	30,821	(369,852)	(30,821)
Employee Compensated						
Absences		338,138	46,409		384,547	384,547
		\$ 12,537,529	\$ 46,409	\$ 762,365	\$ 11,883,215	\$ 1,120,270

General Obligation Refunding Bonds and Certificates of Obligation require that taxes collected for the annual principal and interest payments be deposited in an interest and sinking fund. Annual interest payments are due in semi-annual installments on February 1<sup>st</sup> and August 1<sup>st</sup>. Principal payments are due annually on August 1<sup>st</sup>.

#### **NOTE E -- LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

Following is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity for long-term bonds:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest	Premiums	Difference on Refunding	Total
2008	\$ 745,000	\$ 466,573	\$ 1,211,573	\$ 21,544	\$ (30,821)	\$ 1,202,296
2009	785,000	433,524	1,218,524	21,544	(30,821)	1,209,247
2010	825,000	398,151	1,223,151	21,544	(30,821)	1,213,874
2011	860,000	362,625	1,222,625	21,544	(30,821)	1,213,348
2012	900,000	327,425	1,227,425	21,544	(30,821)	1,218,148
Thereafter	7,495,000	1,108,238	8,603,238	150,800	(215,747)	8,538,291
	\$ 11,610,000	\$ 3,096,536	\$ 14,706,536	\$ 258,520	\$ (369,852)	\$ 14,595,204

#### NOTE F -- DEFEASEMENT OF BOND

On October 13, 2005, the county issued \$9,495,000 in General Obligation refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.74% to advance refund \$9,175,000 of outstanding Series 1999 Bonds which had an average interest rate of 5%. The total proceeds included \$301,608 in premium and \$186,064 in underwriting and other issuance costs. Net proceeds of \$9,606,494 were used to purchase state and local securities to be held in irrevocable trust with the escrow agent. Subsequent debt service payments on the refunded bonds will be paid from the irrevocable trust. Tax revenue will be used to pay the remaining debt service due on the unrefunded bonds of \$2,255,000. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased as of issuance date and the liability for the defeased bonds of \$9,175,000 removed from the financial statements. The County advance refunded these bonds to benefit from declines in interest rates and achieved an economic gain of \$332,747.

#### NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Texas County and District Retirement System

#### **Plan Description**

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined pension plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 559 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

#### **NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)**

Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas State statues governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump-sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the employer.

#### Pension Plan Obligations

#### A. Plan Description

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### B. Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 8.71% for the months of the accounting year in 2006, and 9.09% for the months of the accounting year in 2007.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2006 and 2007 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ending September 30, 2007, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$1,200,023 and the actual contributions were \$1,543,270.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2005, the basis for determining contribution rates for calendar years 2006 and 2007. The December 31, 2006 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

#### NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

#### Texas County and District Retirement System (Continued)

#### D. Actuarial Valuation Information

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2004	12/31/2005	12/31/2006
Actuarial Cost Method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization Method	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, open	of payroll, open	of payroll, open
Amortization Period in Years	20	20	20
Asset Valuation Method	long-term	long-term	long-term
	appreciation	appreciation	appreciation
Investment Return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected Salary Increases	5.50%	5.30%	5.30%
Inflation	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Cost of Living Adjustment	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

#### Trend Information

	<b>Annual Pension</b>	Percentage of	Net Pension
Accounting Year Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
September 30, 2004	\$1,191,507	100%	\$0
September 30, 2005	\$1,186,138	100%	\$0
September 30, 2006	\$1,243,609	100%	\$0

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage Of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2004	18,797,418	22,561,486	3,764,068	83.32%	13,584,414	27.71%
12/31/2005	21,328,771	25,538,218	4,209,447	83.52%	14,816,804	28.41%
12/31/2006	25,126,801	28,638,450	3,511,649	87.74%	15,856,873	22.15%

#### **NOTE H -- EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Substantially all employees of the County are compensated on an hourly basis. There are a few employees (salaried elected and appointed officials) who are compensated on a salary basis.

Vacation leave is accrued by each hourly employee of the County as follows:

1st year employed	1.5385 hours per biweekly pay period
13th month thru 10th anniversary	3.0769 hours per biweekly pay period
10 years and 1 month thru 20th anniversary	4.6154 hours per biweekly pay period
20 years plus one month forward	6.1538 hours per biweekly pay period

Earned vacation leave may be used only after 12 months of employment. Employees may accrue and retain vacation days of not more than ten (10) working days. Each year on January 1, all unused vacation leave in excess of 10 days is dropped from the employee's account without compensation. No payment is made in lieu of vacation time. As employees leave the service of the County, they will be paid for the accrued vacation leave balance up to a maximum of 10 days or 80 hours.

Sick leave accrues at the rate of 2.1538 hours per biweekly pay period, up to a maximum balance of 480 days. No payment is made for any unused sick leave. Employees are authorized personal leave of 24 hours per year. No payment is made for any unused personal leave.

Medical insurance coverage is provided by the County at its expense for each official and full-time employee. These officials and employees may, at their own option and expense, have their families included in the insurance coverage. Dental insurance is also available and the County will pay half of the premium. All insurance is available immediately to elected and appointed officials and after three (3) months for all full-time employees. The County has elected to self-insure for this coverage (see Note K).

\$20,000 term life insurance coverage is provided to all full-time employees at County expense.

The County is required by state statute to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees. The County has elected to self-insure for this coverage through a separate internal service fund (see Note K).

The County is also required by state statute to provide unemployment insurance coverage for its employees on either a reimbursing basis or a tax basis. To comply with this requirement, the County has elected to participate as a reimbursing employer in the Texas Association of Counties' Unemployment Insurance Fund.

The costs to the County have been substantially less than they would have been under any other option available to the County.

#### NOTE I -- INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE/TRANSFERS

During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of September 30, 2007, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded as follows:

	Due From	Due To	
General Fund			
Road & Bridge Fund	\$ 42,123	\$ -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	39,479	_	
Internal Service	2,303	-	
	83,905	-	
Road & Bridge Fund:			
General Fund	_	42,123	
		42,123	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	-	39,479	
		39,479	
Internal Service:			
General Fund		2,303	
Total	\$ 83,905	\$ 83,905	

#### NOTE J -- OPERATING TRANSFERS

Operating transfers during the year ended September 30, 2007, were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 3,938,701
Road and Bridge Fund:		
General Fund	405,000	_
	405,000	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Grant Funds	3,540,640	6,939
	3,540,640	6,939
Total	\$ 3,945,640	\$ 3,945,640

#### NOTE K -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Litigation

The County is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the County's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the County, will not have a material effect on the County's financial position.

#### **NOTE K -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

#### Guadalupe Regional Medical Center

Guadalupe County is contingently liable for 50% of operating deficits produced by Guadalupe Valley Hospital, if any, with the City of Seguin contingently responsible for the remainder. In addition, the County would be responsible for 50% of any long-term obligations should the Hospital be in default (See Note A1). The following is a summary of financial data as reported in the Guadalupe Valley Hospital's most recent audited financial statements dated September 30, 2006:

#### **ASSETS:**

Current Assets Other Assets Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	\$ 10,475,174 8,840,902 18,622,372
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 37,938,448
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities Other Liabilities	\$ 8,342,174 6,026,902
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,369,076
Net Assets TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 23,569,372 37,938,448
Operating Revenues: Net Revenues from Patient Services Other Operating Revenues Total Operating Revenues	\$ 54,442,233 763,512 55,205,745
Operating Expenses Operating Income	52,956,514 2,249,231
Nonoperating Revenues and (Expenses) Increse (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 183,436 2,432,667

#### Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County carries commercial insurance for all such risks. During the year ended September 30, 2007, settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage.

#### **NOTE K -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

#### Federal Financial Assistance

The County receives significant financial assistance from the U.S. Government. Entitlement to the resources is generally based on compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to audits by the grantors. Findings from these audits could result in disallowances that become a liability of the fund that received the grant.

#### NOTE L -- SELF-INSURANCE FUND

#### 1. Medical Benefits Fund

The County has established a medical self-insurance fund to pay medical, dental and claims of all full-time County employees and their covered dependents, and to minimize the total cost of annual medical insurance to the County. The costs are accounted for as quasi-external interfund transactions. Premium rates are established by an actuary, and recorded as expenditures of the governmental fund paying them. Corresponding revenues are recorded in the self-insurance fund, with actual claims paid from the self-insurance fund recorded as an expense.

#### 2. Medical Benefits Fund (Continued)

The County has assumed the risk of claims up to \$75,000 per employee/dependent unit per annum up to an aggregate claim for all County employees/dependents of \$1,000,000 for 2006. Claims over and above these amounts were insured by a private insurance carrier. The County is also responsible for employees who are deemed uninsurable by the private carrier or have been assigned separate specific retentions and aggregate loss fund limitations. As of September 30, 2007, the County had four participants in this category, with specific deductibles of \$225,000, \$200,000, \$150,000 and \$75,000, respectively.

As of September 30, 2007, outstanding claims amounted to \$956,560 and were recorded as a current liability of the medical benefit fund. A reconciliation of outstanding claims is as follows:

Outstanding Claims at October 1, 2006	\$ 296,942
Claims Submitted for FY 2007	3,551,280
Claims Paid	(2,891,662)
Outstanding Claims at September 30, 2007	\$ 956,560

#### **NOTE L -- SELF-INSURANCE FUND (Continued)**

#### 3. Workers' Compensation Fund

The County has also established a fund to pay workers' compensation claims that may arise from County employees. The costs are also accounted for as quasi-external interfund transactions, with the premiums recorded as expenditures in the general and special revenue funds paying them, and as revenue in the workers' compensation fund. Actual claims paid from the self-insurance fund are recorded as expenditures in that fund.

The County has assumed the risk of claims up to \$400,000 per specific claim, with minimum retention of \$1,188,913 for a one-year contract beginning February 21, 2007.

As of September 30, 2007, outstanding claims amounted to \$7,664 and were recorded as a current liability of the workers' compensation fund. Also, based on actuarial calculations, the estimated reserve for future claims is \$419,064 which has been recorded as a reserve in the workers' compensation fund as of September 30, 2007. A reconciliation of outstanding claims is as follows:

Outstanding Claims at October 1, 2006	\$ 10,400
Claims Submitted for FY 2006	141,151
Claims Paid	(143,887)
Outstanding Claims at September 30, 2007	\$ 7,664

#### NOTE M -- COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative data for the prior year has been provided for the Governmental wide statement of activities and Governmental fund types in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operation of these funds.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2006 financial statements to conform to the 2007 financial statement presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in financial position.

#### **NOTE N -- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In January 2008, the County eliminated the self funded Workman's Compensation Fund and has contracted with the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) to handle the workman's compensation claims process.

The County of Guadalupe settled a dispute by arbitration with Burns, Fletcher and Gill Architects over the design and construction of the 432-bed jail which the county did not feel was fully functional. Burns, Fletcher and Gill Architects agreed to pay the County \$400,000 on October 31, 2007 to rectify the damages.

On October 16, 2007, the County signed a contract with the Koehler Company for \$453,000 for the construction of the Schertz Annex Building Addition.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge Fund
- Notes to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
- Infrastructure Assets Under Modified Approach

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	<b>D</b> 1			Variance With		
	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive		
	Original			(Negative)		
REVENUES	Original	Fillal	Amounts	(Negative)		
Taxes	\$ 23,244,000	\$ 23,244,000	\$ 23,864,444	\$ 620,444		
Licenses and Permits	390,400	390,400	461,666	71,266		
Intergovernmental	1,011,000	1,207,904	1,296,294	88,390		
Charges for Services	4,261,070	4,309,522	6,208,153	1,898,631		
Fines and Forfeits	900,000	900,000	917,508	17,508		
Miscellaneous	868,400	868,400	1,195,475	327,075		
TOTAL REVENUES	30,674,870	30,920,226	33,943,540	3,023,314		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	4,711,714	4,706,521	4,423,886	282,635		
Judicial	4,170,578	4,310,327	4,056,334	253,993		
Public Safety	14,052,798	14,110,416	12,928,502	1,181,914		
Social Services	3,749,508	3,937,998	3,887,864	50,134		
Capital Outlay	2,062,063	2,778,079	2,045,997	732,082		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,746,661	29,843,341	27,342,583	2,500,758		
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues</b>						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,928,209	1,076,885	6,600,957	5,524,072		
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (1986)	`					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	23,424	22.424		(22.424)		
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		23,424	(2.029.701)	(23,424)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(3,937,649)	(3,937,649)	(3,938,701)	(1,052)		
	(2.014.225)	(2.014.225)	(2.029.701)	(24.476)		
SOURCES (USES)	(3,914,225)	(3,914,225)	(3,938,701)	(24,476)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and						
Other Sources Over (Under)						
` ,	(1.096.016)	(2.927.240)	2 ((2 25(	5 400 50 <i>6</i>		
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	(1,986,016)	(2,837,340)	2,662,256	5,499,596		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,347,582	8,347,582	8,347,582	_		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 6,361,566	\$ 5,510,242	\$ 11,009,838	\$ 5,499,596		
	, , ,	, ,	, , , , , , , , ,	, , , ,		

# GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	D. J. et al America							iance With
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Final Budget Positive	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	Original Final		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
General Administration:	-							<u> </u>
County Judge:								
Personal Services	\$	96,358	\$	131,115	\$	129,494	\$	1,621
Operations		4,735		9,270		7,894		1,376
Capital Outlay				3,019		2,669		350
Total County Judge		101,093		143,404		140,057		3,347
County Commissioners:								
Personal Services		348,529		119,968		118,727		1,241
Operations		21,195		215,199		210,749		4,450
Capital Outlay				1,616		1,616		
Total County Commissioners		369,724		336,783		331,092		5,691
County Clerk:								
Personal Services		769,245		725,145		684,163		40,982
Operations		61,350		58,850		50,758		8,092
Capital Outlay				54,500		46,100		8,400
Total County Clerk		830,595		838,495		781,021		57,474
General Expense:								
(Non-Departmental)								
Personal Services		60,000		43,500		17,302		26,198
Operations	1	,075,663		1,188,978		1,037,245		151,733
Total General Expense	1	,135,663		1,232,478		1,054,547		177,931
Facility Operations/Repairs:								
Personal Services		341,034		341,034		333,486		7,548
Operations		242,540		271,563		244,909		26,654
Capital Outlay		24,700		24,700		24,609		91
Total Facility Operations/Repairs	\$	608,274	\$	637,297	\$	603,004	\$	34,293

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
			Actual	Positive	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
General Administration:					
Computer Operations/Repairs:					
Personal Services	\$ 265,700	\$ 262,123	\$ 260,386	\$ 1,737	
Operations	423,663	387,163	352,556	34,607	
Capital Outlay	215,000	312,167	303,758	8,409	
Total Computer Operations/Repairs	904,363	961,453	916,700	44,753	
Total General Administration	3,949,712	4,149,910	3,826,421	323,489	
Elections Administration:					
Personal Services	360,970	329,314	277,180	52,134	
Operations	102,025	144,301	115,874	28,427	
Capital Outlay	3,100	23,450	19,708	3,742	
Total Elections Administration	466,095	497,065	412,762	84,303	
Financial Administration:					
County Auditor:					
Personal Services	444,914	456,626	444,608	12,018	
Operations	23,674	23,674	22,070	1,604	
Total County Auditor	468,588	480,300	466,678	13,622	
County Treasurer:					
Personal Services	226,365	238,077	225,230	12,847	
Operations	33,100	33,100	27,917	5,183	
Total County Treasurer	259,465	271,177	253,147	18,030	
County Tax Assessor-Collector:					
Personal Services	803,312	823,494	815,881	7,613	
Operations	83,005	93,005	84,702	8,303	
Capital Outlay	-	4,000	3,900	100	
Total County Tax Assessor-Collector	886,317	920,499	904,483	16,016	
Total Financial Administration	1,614,370	1,671,976	1,624,308	47,668	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,030,177	\$ 6,318,951	\$ 5,863,491	\$ 455,460	

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final					Variance With Final Budget		
JUDICIAL			Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
County Court at Law:	<u> </u>	Juginar		Tillai		inounts	(11	cgative)
Personal Services	\$	350,758	\$	350,758	\$	349,327	\$	1,431
Operations	Ψ	222,486	Ψ	287,786	Ψ	236,937	Ψ	50,849
Total County Court at Law		573,244		638,544		586,264		52,280
District Courts:								
Personal Services		846,733		364,073		362,935		1,138
Operations		27,035		578,709		487,397		91,312
Total District Courts		873,768		942,782		850,332		92,450
District Clerk:								
Personal Services		469,575		469,175		460,763		8,412
Operations		41,740		41,144		44,235		(3,091)
Capital Outlay		1,600		2,596		2,510		86
Total District Clerk		512,915		512,915		507,508		5,407
Justice of the Peace - Precinct 1:								
Personal Services		211,254		211,054		210,321		733
Operations		29,650		31,350		28,538		2,812
Capital Outlay		-		25,000		21,528		3,472
Total Justice of the Peace -								
Precinct 1		240,904		267,404		260,387		7,017
Justice of the Peace - Precinct 2:								
Personal Services		138,929		137,391		136,825		566
Operations		6,650		6,649		5,011		1,638
Total Justice of the Peace - Precinct 2		145,579		144,040		141,836		2,204
Justice of the Peace - Precinct 3:								
Personal Services		138,661		137,122		130,892		6,230
Operations		5,781		6,767		5,258		1,509
Capital Outlay		1,000						
Total Justice of the Peace - Precinct 3	\$	145,442	\$	143,889	\$	136,150	\$	7,739

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Fina	ance With al Budget ositive	
JUDICIAL (Cont.)	Origina	Fir	nal A	Amounts		(Negative)	
Justice of the Peace - Precinct 4:						_	
Personal Services	\$ 177,2	81 \$ 1	77,281 \$	170,737	\$	6,544	
Operations	20,8	80	21,880	15,459		6,421	
Capital Outlay	1,0	000	<u> </u>	_		-	
Total Justice of the Peace - Precinct 4	199,1	61 19	99,161	186,196		12,965	
Juvenile Probation:							
Personal Services	28,0	187	28,087	28,015		72	
Operations	91,0	000	91,000	81,171		9,829	
Total Juvenile Probation	119,0	1	19,087	109,186		9,901	
Legal:							
County Attorney:							
Personal Services	801,3	36 80	01,336	784,312		17,024	
Operations	53,3	00	53,570	41,775		11,795	
Capital Outlay	2,5	00	2,500	2,127		373	
Total County Attorney	857,1	36 8:	57,406	828,214		29,192	
Criminal District Attorney:							
Other Services and Charges	509,4	.42 5	15,195	476,426		38,769	
Total Criminal Dist. Attorney	509,4	.42 5	15,195	476,426		38,769	
Total Legal	1,366,5	1,3	72,601	1,304,640		67,961	
TOTAL JUDICIAL	\$ 4,176,6	\$ 4,34	40,423 \$	4,082,499	\$	257,924	

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
PUBLIC SAFETY	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Fire Protection:				( 8 )	
Operations	\$ 506,889	\$ 506,889	\$ 506,889	\$ -	
Total Fire Protection	506,889	506,889	506,889	-	
Law Enforcement:					
Constable Precinct 1					
Personal Services	50,246	50,246	50,210	36	
Operations	11,485	11,485	10,218	1,267	
Capital Outlay	-	925	917	8	
Total Constable Precinct 1	61,731	62,656	61,345	1,311	
Constable Precinct 2:					
Personal Services	45,462	45,462	44,190	1,272	
Operations	6,050	6,050	2,167	3,883	
Capital Outlay	-	6,000	2,785	3,215	
Total Constable Precinct 2	51,512	57,512	49,142	8,370	
Constable Precinct 3:					
Personal Services	63,341	63,341	62,849	492	
Operations	5,875	5,125	4,428	697	
Capital Outlay	-	1,800	1,619	181	
Total Constable Precinct 3	69,216	70,266	68,896	1,370	
Constable Precinct 4:					
Personal Services	50,462	50,462	50,395	67	
Operations	9,000	9,160	6,805	2,355	
Capital Outlay	-	22,257	22,257	-	
Total Constable Precinct 4	59,462	81,879	79,457	2,422	
County Sheriff:					
Personal Services	4,952,767	4,929,267	4,677,065	252,202	
Operations	601,300	636,288	577,332	58,956	
Capital Outlay	110,000	307,954	298,923	9,031	
Total County Sheriff	\$ 5,664,067	\$ 5,873,509	\$ 5,553,320	\$ 320,189	

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
			Actual		
PUBLIC SAFETY (CONT.)	Original	Final	Amounts		
Law Enforcement (Cont.):					
Dept. of Public Safety:					
Personal Services	\$ 128,796	\$ 128,796	\$ 128,261	\$ 535	
Operations	25,700	31,700	21,955	9,745	
Capital Outlay	1,000	5,000	3,948	1,052	
Total Dept. of Public Safety	155,496	165,496	154,164	11,332	
Total Law Enforcement	6,061,484	6,311,318	5,966,324	344,994	
Corrections:					
Feeding and Care of Prisoners:					
Personal Services	5,770,151	5,586,923	5,163,132	423,791	
Operations	1,692,800	1,918,008	1,498,599	419,409	
Capital Outlay	626,500	783,492	242,993	540,499	
Total Feeding and Care of Prisoners	8,089,451	8,288,423	6,904,724	1,383,699	
Adult Probation:					
Operations	50,980	51,130	48,592	2,538	
Total Adult Probation	50,980	51,130	48,592	2,538	
Total Corrections	8,140,431	8,339,553	6,953,316	1,386,237	
Other Protection:					
Civil Defense:					
Personal Services	64,199	62,519	62,036	483	
Operations	17,295	17,565	13,379	4,186	
Capital Outlay		7,800	6,465	1,335	
Total Other Protection	81,494	87,884	81,880	6,004	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	\$ 14,790,298	\$ 15,245,644	\$ 13,508,409	\$ 1,737,235	

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Positive	
SOCIAL SERVICES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Health Services:					
Indigent Care	\$ 2,557,830	\$ 2,746,206	\$ 2,756,670	\$ (10,464)	
Other Services	378,319	378,319	352,757	25,562	
Total Health Services	2,936,149	3,124,525	3,109,427	15,098	
Veterans Services:					
Personal Services	40,179	38,899	38,683	216	
Operations	3,925	3,925	3,018	907	
Total Veterans Services	44,104	42,824	41,701	1,123	
Sanitation:					
Personal Services	213,080	214,099	212,706	1,393	
Operations	22,411	22,786	20,207	2,579	
Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	325	320	5	
Total Sanitation	235,491	237,210	233,233	3,977	
Animal Control:					
Personal Services	132,006	128,131	122,152	5,979	
Operations	77,825	81,700	79,281	2,419	
Total Animal Control	209,831	209,831	201,433	8,398	
Landfill Operation:					
Operations	134,500	134,500	117,999	16,501	
Total Landfill Operation	134,500	134,500	117,999	16,501	
Conservation:					
Personal Services	161,633	161,633	159,658	1,975	
Operations	27,800	27,800	24,733	3,067	
Total Conservation	189,433	189,433	184,391	5,042	
TOTAL SOCIAL SERVICES	3,560,075	3,748,890	3,703,793	50,139	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 28,746,661	\$ 29,843,341	\$ 27,342,583	\$ 2,500,758	

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_				
Taxes	\$ 4,729,000	\$ 4,729,000	\$ 4,880,001	\$ 151,001	
Licenses and Permits	6,000	6,000	5,125	(875)	
Intergovernmental	61,000	61,000	85,183	24,183	
Fines and Forfeits	420,000	420,000	497,878	77,878	
Miscellaneous Income	56,500	110,750	176,415	65,665	
TOTAL REVENUES	5,272,500	5,326,750	5,644,602	317,852	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Public Transportation:					
Personal Services	2,995,232	2,995,232	2,922,548	72,684	
Operations	2,463,400	2,649,940	2,570,484	79,456	
Capital Outlay	145,000	237,028	231,135	5,893	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,603,632	5,882,200	5,724,167	158,033	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(221 122)	(555, 450)	( <b>T</b> 0 <b>T</b> ( <b>T</b> )	455.005	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(331,132)	(555,450)	(79,565)	475,885	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		40.7.000	407.000		
Operating Transfers In (Out)	300,000	405,000	405,000	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)					
<b>Expenditures and Other (Uses)</b>	(31,132)	(150,450)	325,435	475,885	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	783,315	783,315	783,315		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 752,183	\$ 632,865	\$ 1,108,750	\$ 475,885	

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

#### **Budget and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual budget is adopted for substantially all governmental funds of the County. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the summary fund level.

The procedures followed by Guadalupe County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

<u>Budget Preparation</u> – The County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following October 1, and files the proposed budget with the County Clerk in whose office it is available for public inspection. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

<u>Public Hearing</u> – After proper publication of notice, a budget hearing is conducted by the Commissioners Court to obtain taxpayer comments.

<u>Budget Adoption</u> – During a regular term of the Commissioners Court the budget is adopted through the passage of an order. A separate order is provided in the budget.

Amendments to Budget – Amendments to the budget to transfer budgeted amounts from one budget classification (summary line) to another may be made by the Commissioners Court at its discretion. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners Court upon finding and declaring the existence of an emergency sufficient to require such action. The final amended budget is presented in this report.

<u>Formal Budgetary Integration</u> – Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Internal Service Funds.

<u>Budgets on GAAP Basis</u> – Budgets for all governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

<u>Expenditure Classifications</u> – Budget classifications are adopted by department for personal services, supplies, other services and charges and capital outlay. For management purposes, however, accounting records are maintained to match actual expenditures against several more detailed classifications within each of the budget categories.

<u>Lapse of Appropriations</u> – All budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal period. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at the end of each year and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS (ROADS) UNDER THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

The county performs periodic physical condition assessments to determine whether infrastructure assets are being maintained at levels requested.

The condition of road pavement is measured using the Pavement Condition Ratings and Images (PCR) management system, which is based on a weighted average of six distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The PCR uses the following scale to measure pavement surfaces.

Condition	Rating	Description
Excellent	5	New or nearly new pavements.
Good to Excellent	4	Free of cracks, patches or rutting.  Pavements exhibiting few, if any variable signs of surface deterioration.
Good	3.3	Evidence of initial deterioration, including hairline cracks and minor rutting.
Fair to Poor	2.4	Visible defects, including moderate cracking, distortion and rutting. Some patches may now be present.
Poor	1.2	Extremely deteriorated pavement. Defects include severe cracking, distortion, and rutting. Very extensive patching.
Very Poor	0.8	Pavement is completely deteriorated.

The condition of the county roads is rated according to the PCR in linear feet as follows:

Condition	2005
Excellent	12.08
Good to Excellent	40.25
Good	43.8
Fair to Poor	3.43
Poor	0.44
Very Poor	0

The County policy is to maintain at least 80% of its road system at a good (3.3%) or better condition level.

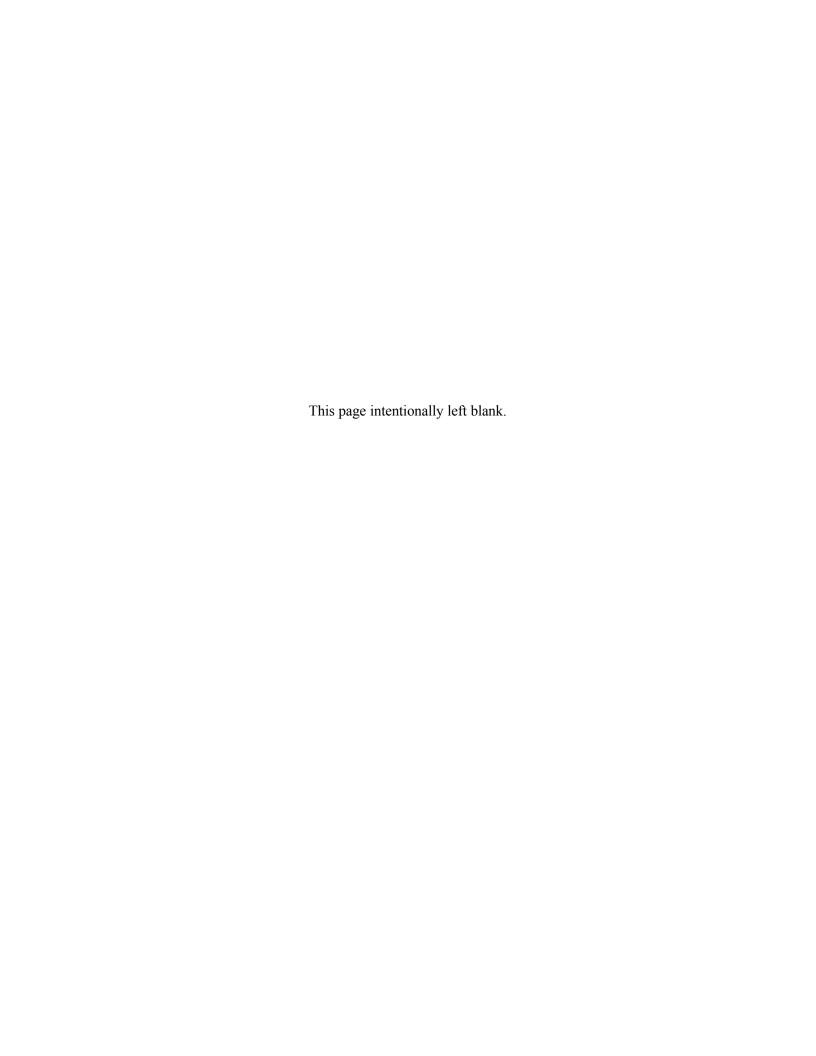
#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS (ROADS) UNDER THE MODIFIED APPROACH (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

The County spends the amount necessary to maintain its infrastructure assets at or above a condition level of 3.3 or above. As a measure of the county's maintenance efforts, the following chart shows actual to budget infrastructure maintenance expenses of the Road & Bridge Department. These infrastructure maintenance costs consist of all personnel and operating costs within the Road and Bridge Department that are used to maintain roads, as well as resurfacing and roadway landscaping costs.

Budget versus actual infrastructure maintenance costs:

	2007	2006	2005
Budget	\$ 2,311,241	\$ 2,393,419	\$ 2,283,691
Actual	\$ 2,980,569	\$ 3,084,479	\$ 2,393,419

By using the "modified approach" the County's accounting practices for infrastructure assets are in agreement with the County's plans for maintaining its infrastructure at the least overall cost over individual life cycles.



#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Road and Bridge Fund
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Internal Service Funds
- Combining Statements Fiduciary (Agency) Funds

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

ASSETS	2007			2006
Cash and Temporary Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances for Estimated Uncollectibles of \$29,606 and \$35,020):	\$	10,715,538	\$	8,789,835
Taxes		1,171,096		1,153,642
Other Receivables		1,685,084		1,571,766
Due from Other Governments		5,590		52,190
Due from Other Funds		83,905		-
Prepaid Items		344,315		326,353
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,005,528	\$	11,893,786
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE  Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages & Benefits Due to Other Governments Deferred Revenues  Total Liabilities	\$	1,162,436 350,119 199,861 1,283,274 2,995,690	\$	1,835,720 219,248 144,428 1,346,808 3,546,204
Fund Balance:				
Reserved for Prepaid Items		344,315		326,353
Unreserved - Undesignated		10,665,523		8,021,229
Total Fund Balance		11,009,838		8,347,582
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	14,005,528	\$	11,893,786

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

REVENUES	2007	2006
Taxes	\$ 23,864,444	\$ 21,082,381
Licenses and Permits	461,666	429,810
Intergovernmental	1,296,294	1,539,010
Charges for Services	6,208,153	5,960,591
Fines and Forfeits	917,508	850,480
Miscellaneous	1,195,475	832,158
TOTAL REVENUES	33,943,540	30,694,430
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government	4,423,886	9,034,064
Judicial	4,056,334	3,664,796
Public Safety	12,928,502	8,172,693
Social Services	3,887,864	3,651,399
Capital Outlay	2,045,997	1,246,815
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,342,583	25,769,767
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,600,957	4,924,663
OTHER FINANCING		
SOURCES (USES)		
Operating Transfers (In)	-	25,329
Operating Transfers (Out)	(3,938,701)	(3,920,411)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		
SOURCES (USES)	(3,938,701)	(3,895,082)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Sources Over (Under)		
<b>Expenditures and Other (Uses)</b>	2,662,256	1,029,581
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,347,582	7,318,001
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 11,009,838	\$ 8,347,582

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

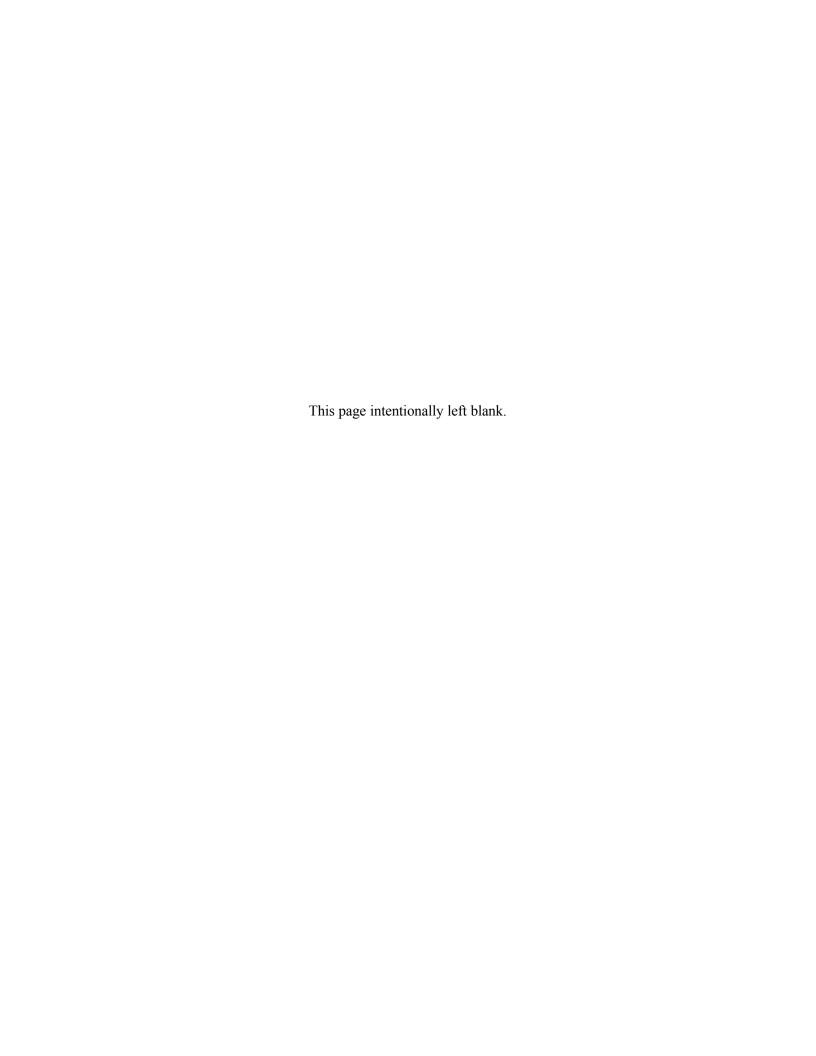
ASSETS	2007	2006			
Cash and Temporary Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	\$ 1,285,970	\$	860,070		
Taxes	190,493		183,263		
Accounts	67,540		68,126		
Prepaid Insurance	16,922		15,944		
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	 94,965		90,032		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,655,890	\$	1,217,435		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 314,524	\$	210,360		
Accrued Wages & Benefits	-		40,497		
Due to Other Funds	42,123		-		
Deferred Revenues	 190,493		183,263		
Total Liabilities	 547,140		434,120		
Fund Balance:					
Reserved for Inventory and Prepaid Items	111,887		105,976		
Unreserved	 996,863		677,339		
Total Fund Balance	 1,108,750		783,315		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,655,890	\$	1,217,435		

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

	2007 Actual	2006 Actual
REVENUES	Hetuui	Hotaai
Taxes	\$ 4,880,001	\$ 4,259,761
Licenses and Permits	5,125	102,202
Intergovernmental	85,183	6,550
Fines and Forfeits	497,878	450,323
Miscellaneous	176,415	135,672
TOTAL REVENUES	5,644,602	4,954,508
EXPENDITURES		
Public Transportation:		
Personal Services	2,922,548	2,671,367
Operations	2,570,484	2,156,914
Capital Outlay	231,135	539,347
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,724,167	5,367,628
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(79,565)	(413,120)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Operating Transfers In (Out)	405,000	574,115
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other		
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and		
Other (Uses)	325,435	160,995
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	783,315	622,320
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,108,750	\$ 783,315



#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes, or to the acquisition of furniture, fixtures, machinery, equipment, or other relatively minor or comparatively short – lived fixed assets. The Special Revenue Funds used by the County are as follows:

<u>County Sheriff Fund</u> – To account for federal and state forfeitures restricted to expenditures for law enforcement. Also accounts for revenues and expenditures of the jail commissary.

<u>County Attorney Fund</u> – To account for fees collected for administration of the collection of "hot checks." These fees are used for items not otherwise budgeted by Guadalupe County General Fund for the County Attorney.

<u>District Attorney Hot Check Fund</u> – To account for fees collected for administration of the collection of "hot checks." These funds are used for items not otherwise budgeted by Guadalupe County.

<u>Combined Grant Funds</u> – To account for all grants received from sources outside the County to be used for specific grant contracts.

Other Nonmajor Funds – To account for revenues from various sources that are restricted to a specific use.

Juvenile Service Funds – To account for revenues that are restricted for juvenile in the County.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal and interest on general long-term debt.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Capital Projects</u> funds are used to account for proceeds from bond issues and other resources specifically designated for capital expenditures.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ASSETS		County Sheriff Fund	County Attorney Fund	District Attorney Fund	
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	511,326	\$ 29,943	\$	-
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles) Taxes			_		_
Accounts		_	-		_
Prepaid Expenses		-	-		-
Inventory, at Cost		14,980			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	526,306	\$ 29,943	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	36,665	\$ 419	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		627	-		
Deferred Revenues		-	-		-
Total Liabilities		37,292	 419		
Fund Balance:					
Reserved		14,980	-		-
Unreserved		474,034	29,524		
Total Fund Balance		489,014	29,524		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$	526,306	\$ 29,943	\$	

Combined Grant Funds		Other Nonmajor Funds		Juvenile Service Funds		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Totals
\$ 41,486	\$	1,687,936	\$	1,811,516	\$	227,801	\$ 1,534,806	\$ 5,844,814
13,713		- 1,677 447 -		27,644 1,852		89,558 - - -	- - -	89,558 43,034 2,299 14,980
\$ 55,199	\$	1,690,060	\$	1,841,012	\$	317,359	\$ 1,534,806	\$ 5,994,685
\$ 25 987 - 1,012	\$	29,743 1,210 - 30,953	\$	47,856 36,655 3,400 87,911	\$	89,558 89,558	\$ 108,012 - 108,012	\$ 222,720 39,479 92,958 355,157
54,187 54,187		447 1,658,660 1,659,107	_	1,852 1,751,249 1,753,101		227,801 227,801	1,426,794 1,426,794	17,279 5,622,249 5,639,528
\$ 55,199	\$	1,690,060	\$	1,841,012	\$	317,359	\$ 1,534,806	\$ 5,994,685

# GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

REVENUES		inty criff nd	At	ounty torney Fund	District Attorney Fund		
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits	1.	-		22,390		-	
Miscellaneous		66,235 02,556		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	4	68,791		22,390			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		-		6,758		3,963	
Judicial		-		-		-	
Public Safety Social Services	3.	25,841		-		-	
Capital Outlay	10	02,283		2,825		-	
Debt Service:		,		,			
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest			-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	42	28,124		9,583		3,963	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		40,667		12,807		(3,963)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)		-		-		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other (Uses)		40,667		12,807		(3,963)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4	48,347		16,717		3,963	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4	89,014	\$	29,524	\$	-	

Combined Grant Funds	Other Nonmajor Funds	Juvenile Service Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Totals
\$ - 566,886 -	\$ - 641,817	\$ - 659,299 311,235	\$ 1,248,423 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,248,423 1,226,185 975,442 166,235
43,497	57,085	67,961	19,464	41,497	532,060
610,383	698,902	1,038,495	1,267,887	41,497	4,148,345
19,013 - 439,060 147,501	2,486 210,993 7,055 - 48,113	2,963,516 - - 12,275	- - - -	- - - - 750,472	32,220 3,174,509 332,896 439,060 1,063,469
-	- -	<u>-</u>	710,000 503,193	- -	710,000 503,193
605,574	268,647	2,975,791	1,213,193	750,472	6,255,347
4,809	430,255	(1,937,296)	54,694	(708,975)	(2,107,002)
29,078	2,337 (6,939)	2,278,048	- -	1,231,177	3,540,640 (6,939)
29,078	(4,602)	2,278,048		1,231,177	3,533,701
33,887	425,653	340,752	54,694	522,202	1,426,699
20,300 \$ 54,187	1,233,454 \$ 1,659,107	1,412,349 \$ 1,753,101	173,107 \$ 227,801	904,592 \$ 1,426,794	4,212,829 \$ 5,639,528

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2006)

		Workers' Compensation		Medical Benefits		Tot	als		
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		2007		2006	
Current Assets:									
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	767,261	\$	2,269,163	\$	3,036,424	\$ 2	2,221,612	
Accounts Receivable		131		818,358		818,489		296,942	
Prepaid Expense		20,001				20,001		20,230	
Total Current Assets		787,393		3,087,521		3,874,914		2,538,784	
Capital Assets:									
Equipment		7,385		-		7,385		7,385	
Accumulated Depreciation		(7,385)		-		(7,385)		(7,385)	
Total Capital Assets		-		-		-		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	787,393	\$	3,087,521	\$	3,874,914	\$ 2	2,538,784	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities:									
Outstanding Claims and Payables	\$	7,664	\$	956,560	\$	964,224	\$	423,172	
Accounts Payable		673		1,630		2,303		3,525	
Total Liabilities		8,337		958,190		966,527		426,697	
Net Assets:									
Restricted For Future Claims		643,418		1,468,669		2,112,087		451,869	
Unrestricted		135,638		660,662		796,300		1,660,218	
Total Net Assets		779,056		2,129,331		2,908,387		2,112,087	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	¢	787,393	¢	2 007 521	<b>C</b>	2 974 014	<b>c</b> /	7 520 701	
NET ASSETS	\$	181,393	Ф	3,087,521	\$	3,874,914	<b>D</b>	2,538,784	

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

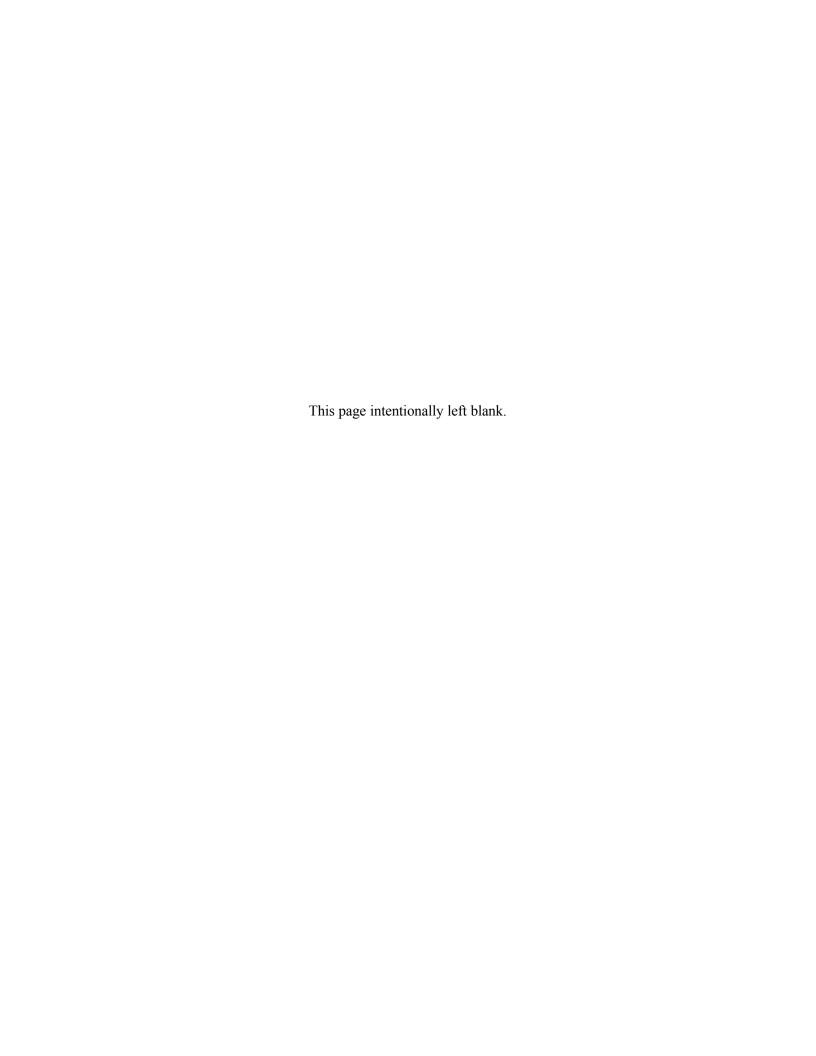
### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2006)

	Workers' Compensation	Medical Benefits	Tot	tals	
	Fund	Fund	2007	2006	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Fees Paid by County	\$ 491,607	\$ 3,569,092	\$ 4,060,699	\$ 3,356,238	
Fees Paid by Employees	-	541,363	541,363	470,245	
Other Premiums Paid	-	17,981	17,981	18,870	
TOTAL OPERATING					
REVENUES	491,607	4,128,436	4,620,043	3,845,353	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel Services	48,309	35,685	83,994	71,069	
Claims Paid	141,962	2,891,662	3,033,624	3,125,693	
Administrative Fees	34,314	160,651	194,965	219,342	
Premiums for Excess Coverage	165,803	455,967	621,770	446,683	
TOTAL OPERATING					
EXPENDITURES	390,388	3,543,965	3,934,353	3,862,787	
NET OPERATING INCOME					
(LOSS)	101,219	584,471	685,690	(17,434)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest Income	34,399	74,220	108,619	78,645	
Miscellaneous Income	20	1,971	1,991		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING	20	1,5 / 1	1,001		
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	34,419	76,191	110,610	78,645	
Change in Net Assets	135,638	660,662	796,300	61,211	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	643,418	1,468,669	2,112,087	2,050,876	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 779,056	\$ 2,129,331	\$ 2,908,387	\$ 2,112,087	

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Inmate Fund		Child Support		District Clerk		Tax Assesor- Collector	Cl	District erk Trust Registry
ASSETS: Cash and Temporary Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	20,907	\$		\$	57	\$ 1,480,963 -	\$	858,058
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,907	\$		\$	57	\$ 1,480,963	\$	858,058
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments	\$	20,907	\$	- -	\$	57	\$ - 1,480,963	\$	858,058
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	20,907	\$	-	\$	57	\$ 1,480,963	\$	858,058

County Clerk Registry	P	Adult robation	Child otection	County ttorney	nclaimed roperty	Totals
\$ 457,367	\$	128,996	\$ 6,426	\$ 12,515	\$ 17,978 -	\$ 2,983,217 50
\$ 457,367	\$	128,996	\$ 6,426	\$ 12,515	\$ 17,978	\$ 2,983,267
\$ 457,367 -	\$	128,996 -	\$ 6,426 -	\$ 12,515	\$ 17,978 -	\$ 1,502,304 1,480,963
\$ 457,367	\$	128,996	\$ 6,426	\$ 12,515	\$ 17,978	\$ 2,983,267



#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS STATISTICAL SECTION SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

This part of the Guadalupe County's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Guadalupe County's overall financial health.

#### Financial Trends

Net Assets by Component Change in Net Assets Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

#### Revenue Capacity

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Actual Value of Property Property Tax Rates – All Overlapping Governments Principal Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections

#### Debt Capacity

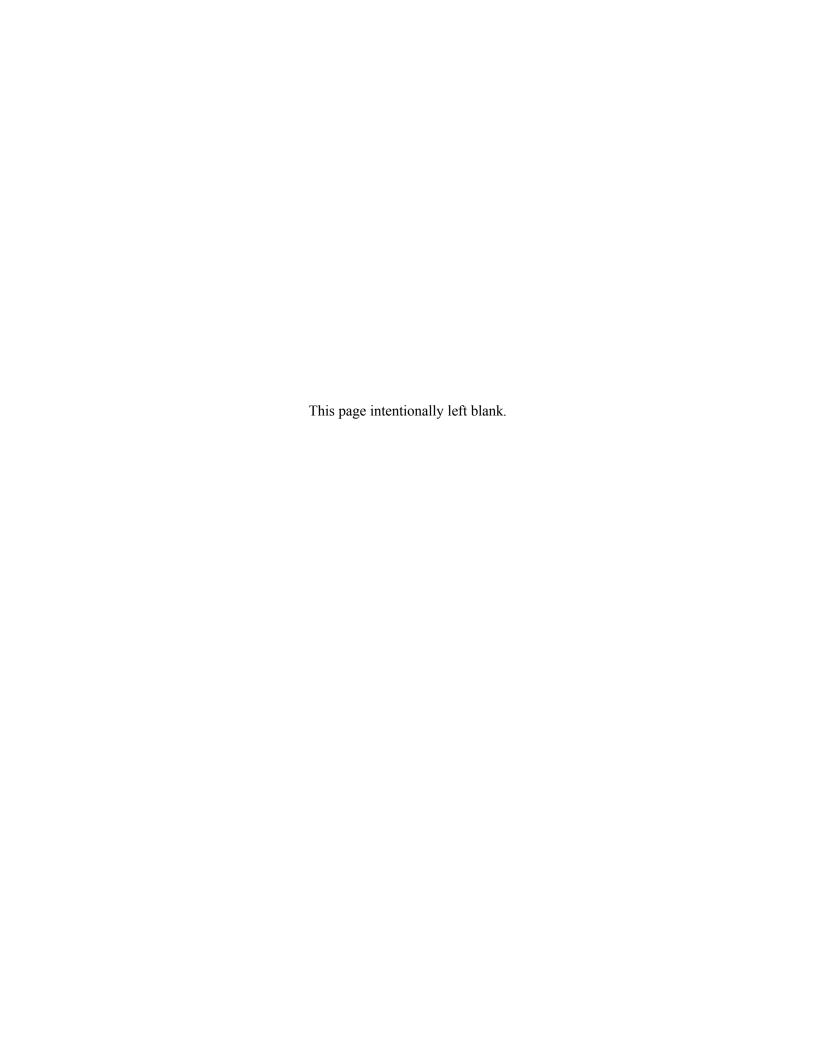
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin

#### Demographic and Economic Information

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

#### Operating Information

Operating Indicators by Function – Capital Assets Tax Rate Chart Insurance Bond Coverage Surety Bonds of Principal Officers Miscellaneous Statistics



#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities:				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	\$ 8,147,107	\$ 22,322,060	\$ 24,513,144	\$ 25,664,890
Restricted	140,792	49,274	268,840	317,359
Unrestricted	12,497,312	14,094,336	16,778,004	21,946,013
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 20,785,211	\$ 36,465,670	\$ 41,559,988	\$ 47,928,262

<sup>(1)</sup> Retroactive Reporting of Infrastructure Assets under GASB 34.

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

TABLE 2

	Fiscal Year						
	2004	2005	2006	2007			
EXPENSES							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 8,131,328	\$ 8,979,348	\$ 9,923,683	\$ 5,990,727			
Judicial	-	-	-	7,507,134			
Public Safety	10,640,424	11,503,670	13,227,482	13,793,072			
Public Transportation	4,524,406	3,753,443	3,934,746	4,264,741			
Social Services	6,025,349	6,544,199	6,709,576	4,349,623			
Capital Outlay	73,570	57,001	226,969	437,857			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	678,162	642,361	549,682	519,698			
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 30,073,239	\$ 31,480,022	\$ 34,572,138	\$ 36,862,852			
PROGRAM REVENUES							
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Service:	<b>4. 2.246.510</b>	Φ 2227.476	<b>.</b>	<b>A. 2.105</b> (0.4)			
General Government	\$ 3,346,519	\$ 3,327,476	\$ 4,147,774	\$ 3,107,604			
Judicial	-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	1,576,806			
Public Safety	3,089,937	2,976,254	4,404,129	4,554,942			
Public Transportation	580,148	477,021	464,452	574,379			
Social Services	523,526	568,213	326,910	154,944			
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,021,487	2,272,175	2,562,884	2,560,239			
Capital Grants and Contributions	156,732	330,037	45,924	140,660			
Total Governmental Activities							
Program Revenues	\$ 9,718,349	\$ 9,951,176	\$ 11,952,073	\$ 12,669,574			

The Judicial Activities line item was added in the 2007 report. The Judicial Activities amounts had previously been included in the General Government and Public Safety Activities.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

TABLE 2 (Continued)

	Fiscal Year							
	2004	2005	2006	2007				
NET (EXPENSES) REVENUE								
Governmental Activities	\$(20,354,890)	\$(21,528,846)	\$(22,620,065)	\$(24,193,278)				
Total Government Net Expenses	\$(20,354,890)	\$(21,528,846)	\$(22,620,065)	\$(24,193,278)				
GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND								
OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes								
Property Taxes	\$ 19,235,320	\$ 20,624,494	\$ 22,471,764	\$ 25,171,944				
Sales Taxes	3,232,326	3,634,415	4,092,473	4,684,240				
Other Taxes	66,857	70,768	87,224	108,678				
Interest and Investment Earnings	167,814	440,656	916,132	1,283,441				
Miscellaneous	36,102	26,690	53,279	109,301				
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	39,597	93,511	(796,052)				
Special Item - Gain (Loss) on								
Disposal of Capital Assets	(915,189)							
Total Governmental Activities	21,823,230	24,836,620	27,714,383	30,561,552				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS								
Government Activities	1,468,340	3,307,774	5,094,318	6,368,274				
Total Government	\$ 1,468,340	\$ 3,307,774	\$ 5,094,318	\$ 6,368,274				

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2004	2005	2006	2007				
General Fund:								
Reserved	\$ 360,903	\$ 317,035	\$ 326,353	\$ 344,315				
Unreserved	6,414,783	7,000,966	8,021,229	10,665,523				
Total General Fund	6,775,686	7,318,001	8,347,582	11,009,838				
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Reserved Reported in:								
Road and Bridge	100,448	84,761	105,976	996,863				
Other NonMajor	12,537	13,029	23,326	3,967,655				
Unreserved Reported in:								
Road and Bridge	960,528	537,559	677,339	111,887				
Debt Service	140,792	49,274	173,107	227,801				
Capital Projects Fund	406,330	425,854	904,592	1,426,793				
Other NonMajor	2,007,377	2,537,213	3,111,804	17,279				
Total Other Governmental Funds	3,628,012	3,647,690	4,996,144	6,748,278				
TOTAL ALL GOVERNMENTAL								
FUNDS	\$ 10,403,698	\$ 10,965,691	\$ 13,343,726	\$ 17,758,116				

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
	2004	2005	2006	2007				
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 22,455,124	\$ 24,215,575	\$ 26,662,126	\$ 29,992,868				
Licenses and Permits	337,995	352,351	436,360	466,791				
Intergovernmental	2,177,821	2,397,315	2,564,490	2,607,662				
Charges for Services	5,213,198	4,582,392	6,811,799	7,183,595				
Fines and Forfeits	1,609,128	1,525,235	1,408,682	1,581,621				
Miscellaneous	568,696	1,557,121	1,509,821	1,903,950				
TOTAL REVENUES	32,361,962	34,629,989	39,393,278	43,736,487				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government	7,968,486	8,678,173	9,430,748	4,456,106				
Judicial*	· · · · · · · -	-	-	7,230,843				
Public Safety	9,716,968	11,112,542	11,837,489	13,261,398				
Public Transportation	4,426,595	4,792,572	5,137,024	5,493,032				
Social Services	5,880,613	6,851,945	6,683,940	4,326,924				
Conservation	160,592	-	-					
Capital Projects/Outlay	848,756	1,381,486	2,665,147	3,340,601				
Debt Service:	,	<b>,</b> , ,	, , .	- , ,				
Principal	580,000	610,000	755,000	710,000				
Interest and Other Charges	806,204	641,278	576,292	503,193				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,388,214	34,067,996	37,085,640	39,322,097				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,973,748	561,993	2,307,638	4,414,390				
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Operating Transfers In	2,008,223	2,247,849	3,945,740	3,945,640				
Operating Transfers (Out)	(2,008,223)	(2,247,849)	(3,945,740)	(3,945,640)				
Refunding Bond Issued	-	-	9,495,000	-				
Payment to Bond Escrow	-	-	(9,726,211)	-				
Bond Premium			301,608					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)			70,397					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
& Other Financing Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures & Other								
Financing (Uses)	1,973,748	561,993	2,378,035	4,414,390				
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,429,950	10,403,698	10,965,691	13,343,726_				
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 10,403,698	\$ 10,965,691	\$ 13,343,726	\$ 17,758,116				

<sup>\*</sup> The Judicial Activities line item was added in the 2007 report. The Judicial Activities amounts had previously been included in the General Government and Public Safety Activities.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Property Ta		roperty Tax	Sales and Use Tax	0	ther Tax	Total		
2004	\$	19,155,941	\$ 3,232,326	\$	66,857	\$	22,455,124	
2005		20,510,392	3,634,415		70,768		24,215,575	
2006		22,482,429	4,092,473		87,224		26,662,126	
2007		25,153,434	4,684,240		108,678		29,992,868	

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 6

						Less	Total Taxable
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	]	Industrial	All	Tax-Exempt	Assessed
Year	Property	Property		Property	Other	Property	Value
2004	\$ 3,341,149,747	\$ 540,927,049	\$	811,855,573	\$ 1,093,528,761	\$ (68,013,302)	\$ 5,719,447,828
2005	3,708,328,379	604,569,412		841,973,961	1,211,540,420	(77,589,283)	6,288,822,889
2006	4,276,407,896	715,290,536		795,054,840	1,499,119,564	(89,647,194)	7,196,225,642
2007	4,623,456,204	708,507,326		788,986,851	1,503,855,301	(90,557,880)	7,534,247,802

Source: Guadalupe County Appraisal District Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX RATES – ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002					
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001					
Juridiction	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate					
Guadalupe County	0.3040	0.3192	0.3417	0.3193	0.3499					
Lateral Road	0.0730	0.0600	0.0582	0.0630	0.0420					
Cities:										
City of Seguin	0.3850	0.3940	0.3964	0.3947	0.3891					
City of Schertz	0.3550	0.3544	0.3455	0.3405	0.3826					
City of Cibolo	0.3280	0.3520	0.3699	0.3800	0.3573					
City of Marion	0.3870	0.3728	0.3542	0.3495	0.3495					
City of Selma	0.4500	0.4500	0.4500	0.3900	0.3900					
City of New Braunfels	0.29887	0.31312	0.3200	0.3136	0.3136					
City of San Marcos	0.4350	0.4350	0.4610	0.4610	0.4710					
School Districts:										
Schertz-UC ISD	1.4300	1.6923	1.4945	1.6267	1.7100					
Marion ISD	1.3990	1.4794	1.5062	1.5450	1.1544					
Seguin ISD	1.5400	1.6400	1.6400	1.6400	1.6400					
Navarro ISD	1.4300	1.6184	1.6140	1.5874	1.6545					
Comal ISD	1.7300	1.76838	1.8800	1.8500	1.8500					
Luling ISD	1.1100	1.16000	1.1100	1.1100	1.1500					
La Vernia ISD	1.3500	1.43000	1.4300	1.4300	1.4620					
New Braunfels ISD	1.6500	1.64000	1.7680	1.9210	1.9210					
Nixon-Smiley CISD	1.2200	1.22000	1.2400	1.2900	1.2790					
Prairie Lea ISD	1.3402	1.34410	1.3483	1.3483	1.3448					
San Marcos CISD	1.5500	1.55000	1.4438	1.4952	1.4296					
Guadalupe County MUD#1	0.5350	0.5906	0.5675	0.5675	0.4300					
Guadalupe County MUD#2	1.2140	1.4200	1.2187	1.2117	1.1711					
York Creek Water	0.0040	0.0037	0.0037	0.0033	0.0033					

Fiscal Year									
2003	2004	2005	2006	2007					
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006					
Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate					
0.2660	0.2654	0.2520	0.2521	0.2401					
0.3668	0.3654	0.3530	0.3531	0.3481					
0.0463	0.0477	0.0500	0.0500	0.0550					
0.4007	0.3976	0.4021	0.4326	0.4814					
0.3825	0.3825	0.3760	0.3977	0.4317					
0.3215	0.2895	0.2695	0.3178	0.3186					
0.3795	0.3791	0.3856	0.3900	0.3688					
0.3700	0.3490	0.3199	0.3193	0.2865					
0.3185	0.3711	0.448329	0.425614	0.4099					
0.4710	0.4710	0.4710	0.4702	0.4702					
1.7300	1.7800	1.7400	1.7200	1.6100					
1.7800	1.7800	1.7679	1.6905	1.5315					
1.6850	1.6850	1.6944	1.6890	1.5351					
1.6380	1.6203	1.8551	1.8800	1.8200					
1.8000	1.8300	1.8200	1.8200	1.6400					
1.2395	1.2700	1.3050	1.3450	1.2390					
1.5932	1.5900	1.7100	1.6900	1.5176					
1.8550	1.8550	1.8200	1.8200	1.6525					
1.3000	1.3000	1.3332	1.3332	1.2562					
1.3485	1.4148	1.4148	1.2000	1.1000					
1.6000	1.6000	1.7300	1.8300	1.7000					
				,					
0.0033	0.0033	0.0034	0.0034	0.0038					
0.0055	0.0033	0.0034	0.0034	0.0038					

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

	2007			1998				
	Rank	V	Assessed Faxable Faluation \$1,000)	% of total assessed valuation	Rank	T V	Ssessed Faxable aluation \$1,000)	% of total assessed valuation
Structural Metals, Inc	1	\$	89,664	1.71%	2	\$	47,573	2.07%
Texas Petroleum Investment Co.	2		61,625	1.18%				
Guadalupe Power Partners	3		56,140	1.07%				
Rio Nogales Power Project	4		54,866	1.05%			80,731	3.51%
San Antonio MTA LP	5		42,606	0.81%				
LCRA Transmission Services Corp	6		42,454	0.81%				
Southwestern Bell	7		32,976	0.63%	3		31,043	1.35%
TEMIC Automotive	8		30,719	0.59%				
San Filippi John & Son, Inc	9		23,454	0.45%				
Hexcel Corp	10		22,302	0.43%	4		16,967	0.74%
Motorola					1		80,731	3.51%
Vintage Petroleum					5		15,505	0.67%
H.E. Butt Grocery Store					6		14,473	0.63%
Guadalupe Valley Electric Co.					7		12,771	0.56%
Wal-Mart Store #901					8		12,199	0.53%
Teco Pipeline Co.					9		10,333	0.45%
AT&T Communications					10		8,250	0.36%
		\$	456,806	7.29%		\$	330,576	14.38%

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal	Taxes								
Year	Levied	Collections Within		Coll	ections in		Total Collections		
Ended	For The	Fiscal Year of Levy		Sul	Subsequent		to Date		
September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Years			Amount	% of Levy	
2004	\$17,270,475	\$ 16,756,882	97.0%	\$	385,624	\$	17,142,506	99.3%	
2005	10.616.040	10.024.007	06.00/		201 450		10 415 555	00.00/	
2005	18,616,842	18,024,097	96.8%		391,458		18,415,555	98.9%	
2006	20,428,930	19,898,422	97.4%		262,438		20,160,860	98.7%	
2000	20,428,930	19,696,422	97.470		202,430		20,100,800	98.770	
2007	23,035,688	22,566,576	98.0%		_		22,566,576	98.0%	

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 10

	Governmental Activities			Actual	Percentage	
	General	Certificates	Total	Taxable	of Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	Primary	Value of	Value of	Per*
Year	Bonds	Obligation	Government	Property	Property	Capita
2004	\$ 345,000	\$ 13,020,000	\$ 13,365,000	\$ 5,719,447,828	0.2%	127.19
2005	75,000	12,680,000	12,755,000	6,288,822,889	0.2%	121.67
2006	9,385,000	2,935,000	12,320,000	7,196,225,642	0.2%	125.42
2007	9,355,000	2,255,000	11,610,000	7,534,247,602	0.2%	110.49

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Population data can be found on page 88.

### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 11

	General B	onded Debt	Less Available		Actual	Percentage of Actual	
	General	Certificates	in Debt		Taxable	Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	of	Service		Value of	Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Obligation	Funds	Total	Property	Property	Capita
			<u> </u>				
2004	\$ 345,000	\$ 13,020,000	\$ (140,792)	\$ 13,224,208	\$ 5,719,447,828	0.23%	\$ 125.85
2005	75,000	12,680,000	(49,274)	12,705,726	6,288,822,889	0.20%	121.02
2006	9,385,000	2,935,000	(173,107)	12,146,893	7,196,225,642	0.17%	123.66
2007	9,355,000	2,255,000	(227,801)	11,382,199	7,534,247,602	0.15%	108.33

Note: Details about the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup>Population information is on table 14.

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 12

	Net Debt			Amount	
Taxing Body	Amount	As of	% Overlapping	Overlapping	
Cibolo Creek MA	<u>-</u>	02/28/07	**	_	
Cibolo, City of	\$ 5,010,000	02/28/07	100.00	\$ 5,010,000	
Comal ISD	338,988,439	01/01/07	4.91	16,644,332	
La Vernia ISD	17,668,344	08/31/06	11.58	2,045,994	
Luling ISD	4,693,566	08/31/06	14.94	701,219	
Marion ISD	4,345,000	02/28/07	100.00	4,345,000	
Marion, City of	245,000	02/28/07	100.00	245,000	
Navarro ISD	26,166,066	02/28/07	100.00	26,166,067	
New Braunfels ISD	101,691,682	12/01/06	17.37	17,663,845	
New Braunfels, City of	25,426,620	09/30/06	9.64	2,451,126	
Nixon-Smiley CISD	1,390,000	02/28/07	2.65	36,835	
Prairie Lea ISD	-	02/28/07	28.47	-	
San Marcos CISD	124,434,958	02/28/07	20.73	25,795,367	
Schertz, City of	28,869,534	09/30/05	85.17	24,588,182	
Schertz-Cibolo-Universal ISD	208,591,412	09/01/06	73.10	152,480,322	
Seguin ISD	42,364,858	02/28/07	100.00	42,364,858	
Seguin, City of	24,990,148	09/30/06	100.00	24,990,148	
Selma, City of	\$ 2,436,830	10/31/05	28.69	699,127	
Total Net Overlapping Debt: .				346,227,422	
Guadalupe County		09/30/07		11,610,000	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt:				\$ 357,837,422	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt % Total Direct and Overlapping Debt %	6.68% \$ 437				

Source: Municipal Advisory Council

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 13

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2007

Assessed Value	\$7,534,247,602
* Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	753,424,760
Outstanding Debt <sup>[1]</sup>	11,610,000
Less amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit	(227,081) 11,382,919
Economic Debt Margin	\$ 742,041,841

Fiscal Year

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Debt Limit	\$ 571,944,783	\$ 628,882,289	\$7,196,255,642	\$ 753,424,760
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	13,224,208	(12,705,726)	12,146,893	11,382,919
Economic Debt Margin	\$ 558,720,575	\$ 641,588,015	\$7,184,108,749	\$ 742,041,841

<sup>[1]</sup> Texas does not have a legal debt margin for counties. The only limit on taxation is \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed value. Good financial integrity calls for 10% of assessed value to be used for debt limit.

### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year	Population	P	er Capita ersonal ncome <sup>1</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>2</sup>	
2006	105,077	\$	26,584 *	4.4%	
2005	104,831		26,584 *	4.4%	
2004	98,227		26,584	4.7%	
2003	97,221		25,365	5.2%	
2002	93,528		24,678	5.2%	
2001	92,303		23,532	3.8%	
2000	89,023		23,100	3.4%	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 2005 figures from the Bureau of Economic Anaylsis, U.S. Department of Commerce

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Personal Income provided by the Bureau of Economic Anaylsis, U.S. Department of Commerce

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Unemployment rate is provided by the Texas Workforce Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>School enrollment and median age are not provided.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 15

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Continental AG (Motorola)	1,500	1	2.94%
Schertz-Cibolo-Universal City ISD	1,400	2	2.74%
Seguin Independent School District	1,259	3	2.46%
Guadalupe Regional Medical Center	867	4	1.70%
Commercial Metals Company (SMI)	840	5	1.64%
Guadalupe County	708	6	1.47%
Tyson Foods, Inc.	650	7	1.27%
HEB Food Stores	428	8	0.82%
Wal-Mart Supercenter	408	9	0.80%
City of Seguin	330	10	0.65%
Texas Lutheran University	300	11	0.59%
Total	8,690		17.08%

Source: Schertz Camber of Commerce, Seguin Area Chamber of Commerce, Texas Workforce

Commission, and US Dept. of Labor.

Note: Comparative information of nine years ago was not available.

# GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION CAPITAL ASSETS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 16

		Fisca	Fiscal Year			
Function	2004	2005	2006	2007		
General Government:						
Land	\$ 205,822	\$ 205,822	\$ 205,822	\$ 205,822		
Buildings	3,622,547	2,743,781	2,743,781	3,010,782		
Equipment	973,006	1,161,973	1,262,209	1,579,678		
Vehicles	82,276	79,961	70,396	112,060		
General Government Total	4,883,651	4,191,537	4,282,208	4,908,342		
Public Safety:						
Land	745,042	788,085	788,085	788,085		
Buildings	14,773,263	15,652,029	15,652,029	15,737,852		
Equipment	705,161	811,070	958,616	1,041,485		
Vehicles	1,657,266	1,720,607	2,116,584	2,057,582		
Public Safety Total	17,880,732	18,971,791	19,515,314	19,625,004		
Public Transportation:						
Land	151,060	153,893	153,893	153,893		
Infrastructure - Roads	11,145,037	12,293,541	13,489,174	14,721,898		
Infrastructure - Bridges	1,583,133	1,899,928	1,899,928	1,288,974		
Buildings	331,462	331,462	357,913	357,913		
Equipment			6,424	169,314		
Heavy Equipment	3,976,556	4,060,356	4,178,396	2,759,277		
Vehicles	474,987	507,021	579,491	1,898,263		
Public Transportation Total	17,662,235	19,246,201	20,665,219	21,349,532		
Social Services:						
Land	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500		
Buildings	475,496	475,496	524,264	524,264		
Equipment	25,556	12,057	12,057	18,943		
Vehicles	165,423	175,881	177,258	177,258		
Social Services Total	672,975	669,934	720,079	726,965		
Conservation:*						
Land	6,500	6,500	6,500	-		
Buildings	348,076	348,076	348,076	-		
Equipment	13,500	13,500	13,500	=		
Vehicles	93,549	93,548	114,866			
Conservation Total	461,625	461,624	482,942			
Totals:						
Land	1,114,924	1,160,800	1,160,800	1,154,300		
Infrastructure	12,728,170	14,193,469	15,389,102	16,010,872		
Buildings	19,550,844	19,550,844	19,626,063	19,630,811		
Equipment	1,717,223	1,998,600	2,252,806	2,809,420		
Heavy Equipment	3,976,556	4,060,356	4,178,396	2,759,277		
Vehicles	2,473,501	2,577,018	3,058,595	4,245,163		
	\$ 41,561,218	\$ 43,541,087	\$ 45,665,762	\$ 46,609,843		

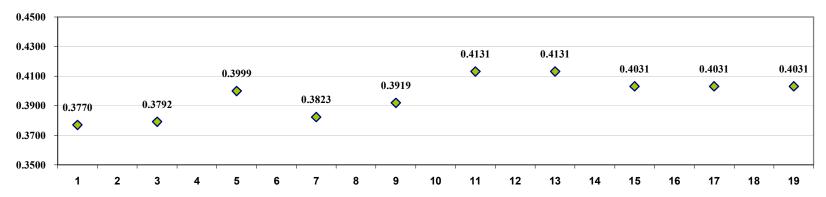
<sup>\*</sup> Conservation was included in Social Services Beginning in 2007.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS TAX RATE CHART LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

TABLE 17

	Rate									
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Maintenance & Operations:	0.3717	0.3872	0.3751	0.3658	0.3910	0.4128	0.4046	0.3927	0.4035	0.4069
Less: Sales Tax	(0.0809)	(0.0842)	(0.0897)	(0.0845)	(0.0770)	(0.0775)	(0.0677)	(0.0641)	(0.0759)	(0.0800)
Total Maintenance & Operations:	0.2908	0.3030	0.2854	0.2813	0.3140	0.3353	0.3369	0.3286	0.3276	0.3269
Interest & Sinking Rate:	0.0132	0.0162	0.0563	0.0380	0.0359	0.0315	0.0285	0.0245	0.0255	0.0212
Lateral Road Rate:	0.0730	0.0600	0.0582	0.0630	0.0420	0.0463	0.0477	0.0500	0.0500	0.0550
Total Guadalupe County Rate:	0.3770	0.3792	0.3999	0.3823	0.3919	0.4131	0.4131	0.4031	0.4031	0.4031

#### **Total Tax Rate by Year**



#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INSURANCE AND BOND COVERAGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

COVERAGE: PROPERTY INSURANCE

Coverage Period May 1, 2007 – May 1, 2008

Policy No. 3584 17 83 DAL

Deductible \$5,000 (unless otherwise specified)
Company Chubb Group of Insurance Companies

Limits: Buildings \$28,724,000

Personal Property \$1,242,717

Business Income with Extra Expense (Road & Bridge) \$2,000,000;

waiting period 48 hours

Valuable Papers (Administration Building)
Personal - Property – EDP Property
Communication Equipment
Contractor's Equipment

\$315,000; deductible \$1,000
\$3,974,589; deductible \$1,000
\$605,685; deductible \$1,000
\$2,838,245; deductible \$1,000

COVERAGE: GENERAL LIABILITY

Coverage Period May 1, 2007 – May 1, 2008

Coverage Document No. GL 0940 2007 05 01

Deductible \$25,000

Company Texas Association of Counties, County

Government Risk Management Pool

Limits of Liability:

Bodily Injury per person \$100,000; per occurrence

\$300,000

Property Damage per occurrence \$100,000

Damage to Premises Rented \$50,000

Personal & Advertising Injury Liability per person \$100,000; per offence/aggregate

\$300,000

Employee Benefits \$100,000 Medical Payment Per Person \$1,000

COVERAGE: AUTO LIABILITY (county owned, non-owned and hired vehicles)

Coverage Period May 1, 2007 – May 1, 2008

Coverage Document No. AL 0940 2007 05 01

Deductible \$1,000

Company Texas Association of Counties, County

Government Risk Management Pool

Limits: Bodily Injury Liability each person \$100,000; each accident

\$300,000

Property Damage Liability each accident \$100,000

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INSURANCE AND BOND COVERAGE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

COVERAGE: PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY

Coverage Period May 1, 2007 – May 1, 2008

Coverage Document No. PO 0940 2007 05 01

Deductible \$25,000

Company Texas Association of Counties, County

Government Risk Management Pool

Limits of Liability:

Each Wrongful Act \$2,000,000

Aggregate \$2,000,000; plus CPOL/CCE&O

Endorsement \$1,000,000; plus CPOL/DCE&O Endorsement \$625,000

COVERAGE: LAW ENDORECEMENT PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

Coverage Period May 1, 2007 – May 1, 2008

Policy No. LE 0940 2007 05 01

Deductible \$25,000

Company Texas Association of Counties, County

Government Risk Management Pool

Limits of Liability:

Each Wrongful Act \$2,000,000 Aggregate \$2,000,000

COVERAGE: CRIME POLICY, PUBLIC EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY

Coverage Period January 1, 2007 – January 1, 2009

Policy No. CCP 1484622 12

Deductible \$2,500

Company Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland

(The F&D Companies)

Limits: Per occurrence \$100,000 (excludes active law enforcement

personnel)

COVERAGE: COMMERCIAL CRIME, EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY

Coverage Period August 21, 1995 (continuous)

Policy No. 88000184
Deductible \$500

Company Universal Surety of America

Limits: Per occurrence \$5,000 (includes active law enforcement

personnel)

COVERAGE: COMMERCIAL CRIME, EXCESS EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY

Coverage Period August 21, 1995 (continuous)

Policy No. 88000195 Deductible \$4,500

Company Universal Surety of America

Limits: Per occurrence \$45,000 (includes active law enforcement

personnel)

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INSURANCE AND BOND COVERAGE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

COVERAGE: FLOOD INSURANCE (1101 ELBEL ROAD, SCHERTZ, TX)

Coverage Period July 9, 2007 – July 9, 2008

Policy No. 42 2510135605 03

Deductible \$5,000

Company Fidelity National Insurance

Limits: Building \$500,000

Contents \$295,600

COVERAGE: EXCESS FLOOD INSURANCE (1101 ELBEL ROAD, SCHERTZ, TX)

Coverage Period July 9, 2007 – July 9, 2008 Certificate No. FLEX 4209002010-00

Deductible \$500,000 (Basic Flood Coverage)

Company WNC Insurance Services

Limits: Building \$300,000

COVERAGE: FLOOD INSURANCE (307 W. COURT, SEGUIN, TX)

Coverage Period July 9, 2007 – July 9, 2008

Policy No. 422510135606 03

Deductible \$5,000

Company Fidelity National Insurance

Limits: Building \$500,000

Contents \$182,900

COVERAGE: EXCESS FLOOD INSURANCE (307 W. COURT, SEGUIN, TX)

Coverage Period July 9, 2007 - July 9, 2008 Certificate No. FLEX 4209002009-00

Deductible \$500,000 (Basic Flood Insurance)

Company WNC Insurance Services

Limits: Building \$500,000

COVERAGE: JUVENILE BOARD DISHONESTY

Coverage Period: November 1, 2003 (continuous)

Policy No. 65BPECN6623

Deductible \$100

Company Hartford Casualty Insurance

Limits: Per occurrence \$5,000

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS INSURANCE AND BOND COVERAGE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

COVERAGE: JUDGES' PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

Coverage Period: Dwight Eric Peschel 01/26/07 – 01/26/08

Gary L. Steel 12/21/06 – 12/21/07 W.C. Kirkendall 01/27/07 – 01/27/08 Linda Z. Jones 03/29/07 – 03/29/08

Deductible \$1,000

Company Texas Lawyers' Insurance Exchange

Limits: Per occurrence \$1,000,000

Aggregate \$1,000,000

COVERAGE: WORKERS COMPENSATION & EMPLOYERS LIABILITY

Coverage Period February 21, 2007 – February 21, 2008

Policy No. EWC006102

Company Midwest Employers Casualty Company

Specific Retention \$400,000; Status Minimum Aggregate Retention \$1,188,913 Aggregate Loss Limitation: 400,000

Aggregate Retention Rate as a % of normal premium 192.80%

Aggregate Limit \$2,000,000

COVERAGE: HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

Coverage Period January 1, 2007 – December 31, 2007 Company Group and Pension Administrators, Inc.

Specific Stop Loss Deductible \$75,000

Specific Lifetime Reimbursement Maximum per covered person: \$925,000

Separate Individual Specific Deducted

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Name	Name Title		Amount of Surety Bond	
Mike Wiggins	County Judge	\$	10,000	
Roger Baenziger	Commissioners, Precinct 1		3,000	
Cesareo Guadarrama, III	Commissioners, Precinct 2		3,000	
Jim Wolverton	Commissioners, Precinct 3		3,000	
Judy Cope	Commissioners, Precinct 4		3,000	
Linda Z. Jones	County Court-at-Law Judge		5,000	
Frank Follis	County Court-at-Law Judge No. 2		5,000	
Linda Douglass	Treasurer		25,000	
Elizabeth Murray-Kolb	County Attorney		2,500	
Arnold Zwicke	Sheriff		7,500	
Teresa Kiel	County Clerk		100,000	
Tavie Murphy	Tax Assessor-Collector		100,000	
Debra Crow	District Clerk		100,000	
Kristen Klein	County Auditor		5,000	
Sue Basham	Election Administrator		10,000	
William Darrell Hunter	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1		5,000	
Edmundo "Cass" Castellanos	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2		1,000	
Roy Richard	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3		5,000	
Larry Morawietz	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4		1,000	
Bobby Jahns	Constable, Precinct 1		1,000	
Steve Garcia	Constable, Precinct 2		1,000	
Travis Payne	Constable, Precinct 3		1,000	
Eugene Mayes	Constable, Precinct 4		1,000	
Daniel L. Kinsey	Emergency Management Coordinator		5,000	

Source: Applicable court orders and payroll records

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS/OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Date Created March 30, 1846

Date Organized August 7, 1846

Area 715 Square Miles

Population 33,544 in 1970

46,708 in 1980 64,873 in 1990 89,023 in 2000

Miles of Roads 693

Fire Protection - Number of Stations 13 Volunteer Fire Departments in the County.

The City of Seguin employs full-time firemen

who assist the volunteer firemen.

Number of Emergency Medical Technicians 20 City/County

Sheriff's Department

Number of Stations 1
Number of Deputies 58

Number of County Employees

Elected Officials 20 Other Employees (Full-Time) 467

(totals include Adult Probation and Juvenile Probation employees)

## GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS/OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED) LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

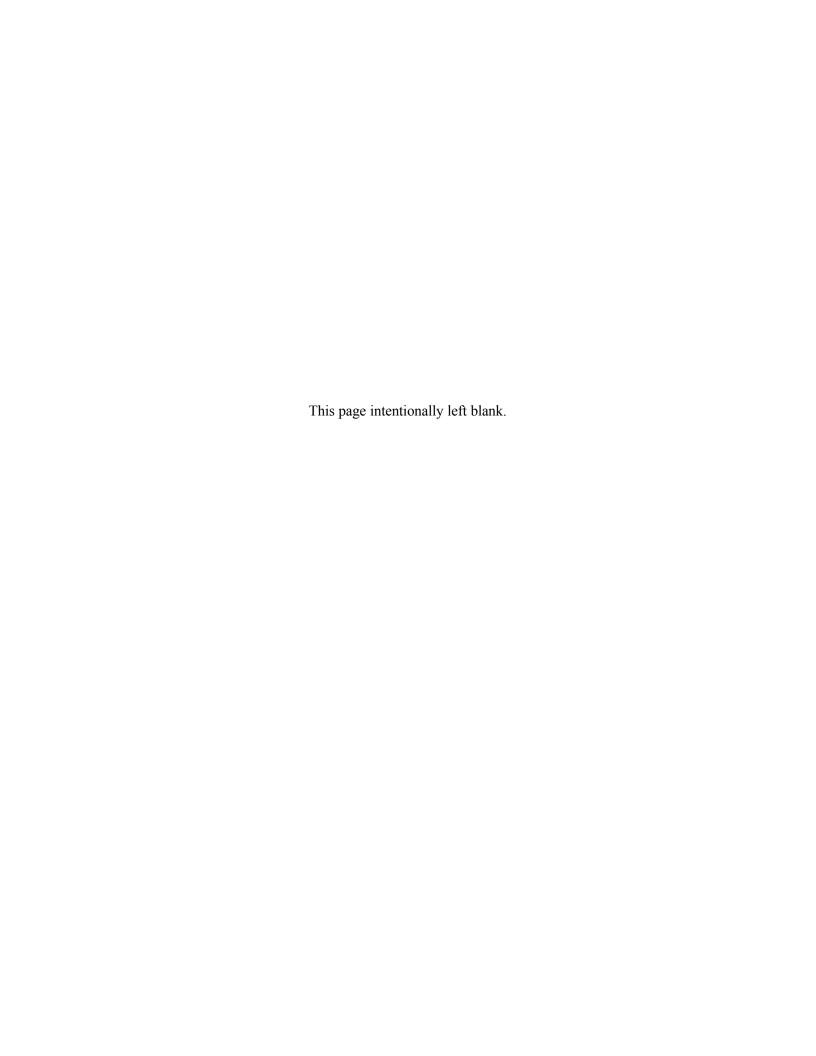
FUNCTION	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Tax Office Ad valorem assessment notices issued *per certified tax roll	60,648	61,930	64,360	67,238	68,215
Motor Vehicle Registrations Auto Titles Issued	82,967 19,142	90,806 19,842	96,003 19,600	101,989 20,266	107,905 20,838
County Clerk  Marriage licenses Birth certificates Deeds & Records recording transactions	607 3,118 25,909	506 3,423 27,004	561 3,516 26,676	555 3,278 27,266	591 3,169 17,510
JUSTICE SYSTEM **  Justice of the Peace Courts  Criminal Cases -	10.405	12.762	12 220	12 444	12.012
JP1 new cases filed cases disposed	10,405 9,940	13,763 11,303	13,328 11,208	13,444 11,112	12,013 10,540
JP2 new cases filed cases disposed	1,427 1,253	1,203 1,137	1,236 1,172	1,030 922	916 898
JP3 new cases filed cases disposed	700 615	1,207 845	1,631 1,202	2,050 1,415	1,511 1,528
JP4 new cases filed cases disposed	2,872 3,358	4,956 3,924	5,230 4,912	3,712 3,396	3,981 3,492
Civil Cases JP1 new cases filed cases disposed	87 75	100 107	118 100	79 85	161 78
JP2 new cases filed cases disposed	177 181	201 209	250 231	194 196	252 183
JP3 new cases filed cases disposed	118 132	113 110	124 109	152 153	201 90
JP4 new cases filed cases disposed	168 146	147 136	184 171	338 234	265 287
County Courts					
Cívil cases new cases filed disposed	378 295	539 466	504 644	642 616	659 522
Criminal cases cases added to docket during year	2,658	3,021	3,119	3,135	2,544
disposition other than dismissal dismissals	1,637 1,189	2,123 1,068	2,102 2,112	2,205 1,089	2,020 1,010
Probate cases filed	285	277	281	300	293
hearings Mental health cases	259	294	299	321	329
filed hearings	9	16	20	5 3	10 9
District Courts Civil cases					
new cases filed disposed	1,707 1,855	1,723 2,097	1,585 1,929	1,765 1,806	1,785 2,191
Criminal cases cases added to docket during year disposition other than dismissal dismissals	650 434 78	702 574 231	844 533 115	921 810 198	847 638 200
Juvenile cases new petitions filed disposed	136 142	247 272	246 230	331 499	207 335

<sup>\*\*</sup> data obtained from reports filed with Office of the Court Administrator

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS/OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED) LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Calls for service	N/A	16,011	16,769	18,236	16,630
911 calls	N/A	23,219	36,510	30,602	39,654
assaults reported/cleared	N/A	463/378	583/412	650/406	508270
burglaries reported/cleared	N/A	329/115	280/76	282/43	260/53
citations	N/A	3,139	2,047	1,822	1,591
number of budgeted employees - sheriff	67	72	75	78	88
Number of autopsies county paid for	23	22	23	32	28
CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION					
County Jail					
Inmates housed (average per day)	458	454	444	555	487
bookings processed	7,645	6,791	6,563	6,541	6,894
releases processed	7,550	6,756	6,414	6,501	6,998
number of budgeted employees- county jail	104	105	109	109	122
Juvenile Detention Center *					
Guadalupe County juveniles detained	277	432	655	not avail	not avail
Juveniles detained from other counties	75	199	144	not avail	not avail
Juveniles detained at request of INS	140	23	3	not avail	not avail

<sup>\*</sup> Pre-adjudication center, calendar year amounts obtained from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission



#### FEDERAL AWARD SECTION

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Judge and Members of Commissioner's Court Guadalupe County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Guadalupe County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County of Guadalupe's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Guadalupe County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Guadalupe County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Guadalupe County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Guadalupe County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Guadalupe County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Guadalupe County in a separate letter dated March 7, 2008.

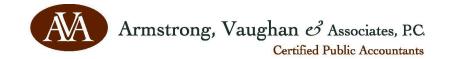
This report is intended for the information of the Commissioner's Court, management, and others within the organization and is not intended to, and should not, be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Assoc., P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughar & Assoc, P.C.

March 7, 2008

SHAREHOLDERS:
Nancy L. Vaughan, CPA
Deborah F. Fraser, CPA



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Judge and Members of Commissioner's Court Guadalupe County, Texas

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Guadalupe County, Texas with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2007. Guadalupe County, Texas major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Guadalupe County, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Guadalupe County, Texas' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Guadalupe County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Guadalupe County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Guadalupe County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2007.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Guadalupe County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Guadalupe County, Texas' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Commissioner's Court, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vaughan & Assoc., P.C.

Hronstrong, Vaughar & Assoc, P.C.

March 7, 2008

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FINDING 2006-1: Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant, CFDA 16.523

*Condition*: This finding was a reportable condition stating that the final reimbursement for the grant year did not meet the new 30-day filing requirement and reimbursement was denied.

*Recommendation*: The auditor recommended that controls over filing deadlines be published in the County Auditor's office and strictly adhered to.

*Current Status*: The recommendation was adopted in March, 2007. No similar findings were noted in the 2007 audit.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

#### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Guadalupe County, Texas.
- 2. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Guadalupe County, Texas were disclosed during the audit.
- 3. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Guadalupe County, Texas expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 4. Major programs tested are as follows:
  - A) U.S. Department of Justice
    - 1. Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant CFDA 16.523
    - 2. Help America Vote Act Grant General HAVA Compliance CFDA 90.401
- 6. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs was \$300,000.
- 7. The County was classified as a low-risk auditee in the context of OMB Circular A-133.

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Federal	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA	Federal
	Number	Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		
Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety		
Emergency Management Performance	97.042	14,160
Emergency Notification Sirens Grant	97.073	130,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Passed Through Alamo Area Council of Governments		
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	122,254
Passed Through US Bureau of Justice Assistance		
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	20,666
Federal Seizure	None	154,346
DEA Salary Reimbursement	None	28,039
ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION		
Passed Through Texas Office of the Secretary of State		
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	395,562
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		
Title IV-E Enhanced Administrative Claims	None	210,132
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED		\$ 1,075,159

#### GUADALUPE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Guadalupe County, Texas and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general purpose financial statements.

